

\$42,000 for City Market Site Voted By Finance Board

Mayor and Leading Women of Atlanta Appear Before the Committee to Urge Purchase.

VOTE FOR EXTENSION OF HIGHLAND AVENUE

\$3,000 Is Recommended for Anti-Tuberculosis Work—Additional Traffic Towers Provided.

With two members opposing, the finance committee of city council voted an appropriation of \$42,000 Wednesday afternoon to buy the remaining half of the lot on Edgewood avenue proposed as a public market site. Half of the tract, which embraces a block, was purchased January 2, and an option on the other half secured. Alderman I. N. Ragsdale and Councilman W. Pat Anderson constituted the majority voting no.

The lot is bounded by Edgewood avenue, Bell, Butler and Boaz streets. Mayor Key and a large delegation of members of the Atlanta Woman's club, including Mrs. B. M. Boykin, president, and Mrs. Norman Sharp, chairman of the market committee, were present to request the appropriation.

While no active fight to obstruct the measure was made at the Wednesday session, it has been generally announced in advance by the market antagonists that they will attack the finance board when it is presented to council with the market item included.

It is understood that members opposing the project will contend that the half of the lot already bought and paid for is big enough on which to erect a market building, and that from its operation Atlanta can see whether the plan is a success or not. They will assert that it will be a ruthless waste of the taxpayers' money to spend another \$42,000 until a market has been tried out on the tract recently purchased. They will argue that it will be an easy enough matter to enlarge the building to cover the whole block in the event of success of the venture.

The appropriation authorized Wednesday was only \$42,000, since the \$500 option was included as a part of the purchase price.

Mayor Key spoke at some length in asking for the balance. Mrs. Boykin addressed the committee in only a few words. "We know you're going to give us this money," she said, "because you've already been sold on the market."

She expressed the thanks of the club for the committee's aid and promised that the women stood ready to help Atlanta promote any public movement for the welfare of the city.

Position of Mayor. The mayor declared that "if the market hurts some people it will be because they have hurt the public." He stated also that "every merchant around here who has been kicking about this market will have a stall down there when it is completed, and I am in favor of it, too."

Next to the market stand, the largest appropriation inserted in the sheet at the afternoon session was \$20,000 for the extension of Highland avenue to Harris street. Councilman Claude Ashley appeared in behalf of this improvement.

The city warden's office was given more money for its operation and maintenance. The salary of Miss Elizabeth Ivey, assistant warden, was increased \$15 a month and the clerk in the department \$5.

The salary of J. N. Landers, city purchasing agent, was raised from \$3,000 to \$3,600 a year. An appropriation of \$7,500 was voted for the treating of the steel work on the Mitchell street bridge, in order to prevent deterioration; \$5,250 for concrete curbs on East North avenue and Hendrix street.

Want Night Watchman. Three thousand dollars was voted to the Anti-Tuberculosis association. The committee authorized a change in the lighting system at city hall, recommended by City Electrician R. C. Turner, and inserted money to employ a night watchman at the building to displace the present police watch. One more sanitary inspector was given to

MARGIN OF VOTES TO SEAT NEWBERRY SHOWS SHRINKAGE

Several Senators Previously in Doubtful Column Declare They Favor Expulsion.

FURTHER DEFECTIONS MAY MEAN DEFEAT

Ten Republicans Considered Doubtful Are Now Placed in Line With Opposing Solons.

WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE. Washington, January 11.—(Special.)—That suffrage is changing conditions very materially and the old order no longer prevails, is realized by at least one Thomasville woman.

Upon opening her bills today, she found one which upon examination proved to be the bill for the Christmas present sent her by her husband.

The husband in the case could not be reached for a statement.

Several Senators Previously in Doubtful Column Declare They Favor Expulsion.

United News Staff Correspondent. Washington, January 11.—The margin of votes favorable to seating Senator Truman H. Newberry of Michigan, is shrinking.

Several senators who were undecided as to how they would vote have definitely announced themselves as favoring the Michigan senator's expulsion.

So pronounced has been the swing away from Newberry that it is now indicated that final roll call may give him a majority of but two or three votes.

Further defections among the republicans might mean his defeat. Republican leaders claimed victory by half a dozen votes; but this number was by no means assured.

Ten Republicans Swing. Ten republicans, some of whom had been in the doubtful column, are now considered as opposing Newberry. They are: Jones, of Washington; Willis, of Ohio; Kenyon, of Iowa; Borah, of Idaho; Capper, of Kansas; Norris, of Nebraska; Sutherland, of West Virginia; Ladd, of North Dakota; Norbeck, of South Dakota, and La Follette, of Wisconsin.

Johnson, of California, will be absent, Newberry himself will not vote. Moses, of New Hampshire, and Crow, of Pennsylvania, are paired, and hence will not vote.

This leaves 45 of the 60 original republican votes to be cast for Newberry. But Lenroot, of Wisconsin; Weller, of Maryland, and Poinsett, of Washington, are regarded as doubtful, so the number might be reduced to 42. The vote of Senator Watson, of Georgia, the only democrat supporting Newberry, should be added to these.

So the total votes in Newberry's favor should be something around 44 to 47.

On the other side of the column is the funny part about the thing is that Kato had agreed to all of this "region" business thoroughly and understandingly, and no doubt was astounded in his final "fall" by the attitude of American opponents of the treaty as agreed to as expressed in their criticisms.

With a chip on his shoulder it no doubt helped to point out the way for a final rucos on his part.

That Japan should raise the question of naval bases and fortifications at this late date—or, indeed, at any time—the more astonishing because

Verily, the Order Changeth as Women Assume New Rights

Thomasville, Ga., January 11.—(Special.)—That suffrage is changing conditions very materially and the old order no longer prevails, is realized by at least one Thomasville woman.

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LATEST JAP MOVE HOLDS UP ACTION ON NAVAL TREATY

Kato Says He Must Notify Nippon Before Agreeing to the Fortifications Clauses.

PROSPECT OF EARLY OPEN SESSION GONE

Conference Must Mark Time Until Word Is Received by Jap Delegation From Tokio.

BY JAMES A. HOLLOMON. Constitution Bureau. Raleigh Hotel.

Washington, January 11.—(By Constitution Leased Wire.)—After all of Admiral Kato's beautifully expressed platitudes and his flowery expressions of the co-operative good-will and better purposes of Japan in the creation of a permanent international amity, it now develops that the Japanese delegation at the arms conference is getting restlessly ugly and unmanageable.

At the meeting of heads of delegations, called to consider the final draft of the naval treaty, Admiral Baron Kato declared to the general assembly—that he would have to consult the Tokyo government before agreeing on the clause which forbids the building of naval bases or fortifications on outlying islands in the Pacific.

As written, the original draft of the treaty applies to all "insular possessions and dominions in the region of the Pacific."

Admiral Baron Kato says that his government must define what is meant by "the region of the Pacific."

Baron Kato said he would cable Tokio last night, and that, though cable communications are notoriously bad, he hoped the delay might not be longer than a few days.

Must Mark Time. At any rate, it means that at best the conference must mark time again until some day next week. The prospect of an open session on Friday or Saturday has gone aglimmering. No one can even guess now when the naval treaty will be ready for adoption.

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OFFICERS ASSERT TALES OF ILLEGAL HANGINGS UNTRUE

Benning Captain Says He Took No Part in Alleged Execution—Ohio Officer Talks.

COLONEL IDENTIFIES PICTURE OF GALLOWES

Says He Ordered Secrecy in Execution Because Crime Occurred Outside of Area.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS. Washington, January 11.—Testimony contradicting that of former service men was given today by army officers before a senate committee investigating charges that American soldiers had been hanged without trial in France.

Colonel Charles J. Symonds, of Camp Sherman, 36 years in the army, who was in command at Givres, at which place soldiers had told of hearing reports of numerous executions, declared only one man was hanged there and that the hanging, by his orders, was secret.

The fact of the execution was made public later, the colonel explaining that the murder for which the soldier was put to death had not been committed in his area, and he did not want a big crowd on hand to witness it.

The picture of a gallows, supposed to be at Givres, which had been filed with the committee by a former soldier was identified by Colonel Symonds as the structure built there "for one closely resembling it."

Captain Joseph D. Hahn, now stationed at Camp Benning, Ga., declared there was not a word of truth in the charge by Harry W. Segal, a soldier, that he, Hahn, had taken part in the unlawful execution of two negro soldiers.

Other witnesses said they never had heard of a lynching in the sixteenth infantry, as witnesses appearing heretofore before the committee had asserted.

Hearing Continued. The hearing will cover not tomorrow when other army officers will be examined.

Dr. H. E. Ross, of Danville, Ill., a battalion surgeon with the 16th infantry declared he heard of no hangings at Condrecourt and that he never heard of any hangings in that locality.

Robert Harrison, of Wilmington, N. C., had testified that he saw a Mexican lynched near Condrecourt and that the body was taken to a hospital with ropes around a neck.

"If I was in the 16th infantry had been asked as charged would you have heard of it?" Chairman Brandegee asked.

"Unquestionably," he replied. "Was a body with a rope stub around the neck ever sent to your hospital?"

"No sir."

Presents Affidavit. Senator Watson presented to the committee an affidavit by J. A. McDonald, of Youngstown, Ohio, setting

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TO USE EASTLAKE AS STAR WITNESS AT NURSE'S TRIAL

Richmond, Va., January 11.—Roger D. Eastlake, who was acquitted December 20, by the circuit court of Westmoreland county of a charge of murdering his wife, Mrs. Margaret D. Eastlake, at Colonial Beach last September, will be used as the star witness against Miss Sarah E. Knox, who stands indicted for the crime, when she comes up for trial at Montross, Va., February 27.

FORD PLANS GREAT INDUSTRY CENTER IN MUSCLE SHOALS

Present Outline Includes Building of City 75 Miles Long in Nitrate Plant Region.

PROPOSAL INCLUDES LEASE OF 100 YEARS

Would Make Project Outstanding Achievement of Career—Plans Utilizing Mississippi Waters.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS. Detroit, January 11.—If Henry Ford obtains possession of the Muscle Shoals project in Alabama he will take immediate steps to make that part of the south one of the largest industrial centers of the country, the Associated Press learned today.

The Muscle Shoals plan of Mr. Ford contemplates one of the greatest undertakings in the history of industrial America. It became known and includes development of the property as a model to be extended eventually to many other parts of the country.

Mr. Ford's proposal includes the building of a city seventy-five miles long in the Muscle Shoals region. It would be made up of a number of large towns or small cities. This is in line with the manufacturer's view that man and his families should live in small communities where benefits of rural or near-rural life would not be entirely lost.

His proposal to the government includes leasing of the property for 100 years. But before the expiration of half that time he proposes to turn the completed project over to the people of the district or to the government in such a way that no one in the future will be able to make a personal profit from the undertakings. He will arrange that neither he nor any of his heirs may realize any monetary benefit from the Muscle Shoals plants or the power developed, it became known.

Outstanding Achievement. Mr. Ford proposes to make the project, if the government gives its consent, the outstanding achievement of his career.

The Muscle Shoals project is, however, only the start of a greater program, it became known. This includes the development of water power, facilities for many parts of the country by which persons in those communities would derive power to run manufacturing plants, light their homes and run machinery on the farms. One detail of the plan is the harnessing by farmers of every creek and brook that crosses their property.

Mr. Ford expects to leave here about noon tomorrow for Washington to confer with Secretary Weeks regarding his proposal of leasing the Alabama plant.

If the government accepts Mr. Ford's bid, work at Muscle Shoals will be started at once. The nitrate and other plants would be run by steam power, pending the time the great dam, that will require about two years to build, has harnessed the water at this point. Then would follow development, in the opinion of Mr. Ford, until within a comparatively few years an industrial center greater than Detroit, would have been built up.

Could Utilize Water. Mr. Ford believes the Muscle Shoals plan, if consummated, will be the start toward development of the Mississippi river valley. The manufacturer be

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Government Reins May Be Given Up Today By Briand

Turner Banks Advance Funds To Hog Buyers

Swine Growers' Sale and Show Great Success—Soule Makes Address.

Ashburn, Ga., January 11.—(Special.)—At the first session of the Swine Growers' association held here today it was announced that every bank in Turner county had agreed to lend money to their customers to be used in buying hogs at the purebred sale here tomorrow.

Features of the day were speeches by Dr. Andrew M. Soule, president of the State College of Agriculture, and Roland C. Turner, of the development department of the Southern railway, and the first hog sale this afternoon, at which five carloads of hogs were sold.

From the opening session until the last of the hogs were loaded on the cars, Ashburn was crowded with visitors brought here by the hog show and sale. At no time was more interest manifested than when Dr. Andrew M. Soule was speaking. Standing room was at a premium in the courtroom, while he talked to the farmers of Turner.

No Overproduction. "There has been no overproduction," said Dr. Soule, in speaking today, "but the trouble is we have not been shipping to the right markets and the products have not been put in standard marketable shape."

"Not enough surplus products are now being raised to supply the needs of Georgia alone."

Plans are under way to increase the swine production in connection with the creamery recently established here. During the afternoon there was a fat hog sale at which more than 500 hogs were sold. Five carloads have been loaded and will be shipped to the White Produce Company of Atlanta, who was the buyer.

The number one hogs brought \$5.93 per hundred, which is only 7 cents under the market f. o. b. Atlanta.

Banquet Served. Tonight there was a banquet served at the school auditorium by the Ashburn board of trade for the visitors. Tomorrow will be given to judging the purebred hogs and another sale. Lectures will be given during the day on swine growing, dairying and poultry.

Tomorrow night a picture of the Quaker Oats company displaying some of the best dairy cows in the United States will be shown.

GALE THREATENS U. S. TROOP SHIP

Fear Expressed That the Transport May Not Make Port Unassisted—Cutters Go to Aid.

New York, January 11.—Already so battered by waves that her safety under ordinary conditions was feared for, the U. S. army transport, Crook, was reported late Wednesday as running into the teeth of a terrific gale 800 miles out in New York.

Fear was expressed at army transport headquarters that the Crook might not make port unassisted for the ship was doing only 7 or 8 knots under her own steam and the heavy seas threatened at any moment to again lash in the steel plates which were calked and cemented earlier in the day.

Members of the crew, exhausted by their efforts at the pumps, were being relieved by some of the 922 American Rhine soldiers being brought back on the transport. Radio messages from Captain Joseph Reppa, of the Crook said that the four feet of water in No. 1 hold had been reduced to a few inches and that the temporary calkings between the steel plates were still holding against the sea.

The Transport Saint Michel, rushed to the rescue when the first S. O. S. calls came from the Crook, was reported as standing alongside, and the cutters Tampa and Osage joined the escort to aid in picking up survivors if the Crook sinks.

The vessel, scheduled to arrive Thursday afternoon, cannot make port before Friday at the earliest, transport officials said. The storm into which the Crook was running Wednesday night was forecast by the weather bureau as of "greatest intensity" centering directly in the path of the laboring transport.

SEND OUT SHIP AS PRECAUTION. Washington, January 11.—Fully as a "measure of precaution," the navy department has ordered out the transport St. Michel from the Brooklyn naval yard, to meet the transport

Premier Has Apparently Lost Confidence of His Colleagues in Cabinet. Faces Defeat.

POINCARE DISPATCHES STINGING TELEGRAM

Message Taken as Rebuke to Premier—Ministry Opposed to Giving Up Reparations Claims.

BY HUDSON HAWLEY. United News Staff Correspondent. Paris, January 11.—Premier Briand may surrender his leadership of the French government at a cabinet meeting to be held Thursday morning, at which President Millerand will preside.

The outstanding fact arising from comment in parliamentary circles is that Briand has apparently completely lost the confidence of his colleagues in the cabinet, and that his resignation must naturally follow—without waiting for defeat by the chamber and senate.

The ministry is reported to be absolutely opposed to any Franco-British alliance under which France would surrender a single franc in reparations claims in return for what is described as "problematic assistance" in the event of aggression from Germany.

Lloyd George's memorandum, in which he repeats that the reconstruction of Europe must have precedence over that of France, and that the allies must wait "two or three years" before arriving at a financial settlement with Germany, merely adds fuel to the flames. French public and official opinion, stirred up by the Clemenceau and the militaristic factions, places French reparations before any such alliance.

Poincare Spearhead. Raymond Poincare, former president of France and now leader of the senatorial group opposing Premier Briand's foreign policies, became the spearhead of the attack on the Briand government Wednesday, when, as president of the senate foreign affairs committee, he sent a stinging telegram to the premier, virtually rebuking him for his actions at the Cannes conference.

Poincare made five declarations in his note of warning. They were: First: That the reconstruction of France is essential to the reconstruction of Europe.

Second: That the reparations accorded France must remain unaltered, without affecting the arrangement of May 6, 1921, and without disturbing the priority of Belgium.

Third: That France can not accept an invitation to attend the economic conference at Geneva unless she has been given previous assurances that her rights will be respected.

Fourth: That the Franco-British alliance must begin by confirming all guarantees, means of execution and rights to inflict penalties on Germany which France now holds under the Versailles treaty and subsequent agreements.

Fifth: That nothing concluded at Cannes shall become effective without the collaboration of the French parliament.

Sign Manifesto. The foreign affairs committee, in

The Weather FAIR.

Washington—Forecast: Georgia: Fair and colder Thursday; Friday fair.

Local Weather Report. Highest temperature..... 48. Lowest temperature..... 38. Normal temperature..... 42. Actual temperature..... 42. Rainfall in past 24 hours, in.42. Excess since last month, in.84. Excess since Jan. 1, in.84.

7 a. m. Noon. 7 p. m. Dry temperature..... 45. 47. 38. Wet bulb..... 43. 44. 35. Relative humidity..... 98. 79. 73.

Reports of Weather Bureau Stations. STATIONS. Jan. 11. Jan. 12. Jan. 13. Jan. 14. Jan. 15. Jan. 16. Jan. 17. Jan. 18. Jan. 19. Jan. 20. Jan. 21. Jan. 22. Jan. 23. Jan. 24. Jan. 25. Jan. 26. Jan. 27. Jan. 28. Jan. 29. Jan. 30. Jan. 31. Jan. 1. Jan. 2. Jan. 3. Jan. 4. Jan. 5. Jan. 6. Jan. 7. Jan. 8. Jan. 9. Jan. 10. Jan. 11. Jan. 12. Jan. 13. Jan. 14. Jan. 15. Jan. 16. Jan. 17. Jan. 18. Jan. 19. Jan. 20. Jan. 21. Jan. 22. Jan. 23. Jan. 24. Jan. 25. Jan. 26. Jan. 27. Jan. 28. Jan. 29. Jan. 30. Jan. 31. Jan. 1. Jan. 2. Jan. 3. Jan. 4. Jan. 5. Jan. 6. Jan. 7. Jan. 8. Jan. 9. Jan. 10. Jan. 11. Jan. 12. Jan. 13. Jan. 14. Jan. 15. Jan. 16. Jan. 17. Jan. 18. Jan. 19. Jan. 20. Jan. 21. Jan. 22. Jan. 23. Jan. 24. Jan. 25. Jan. 26. Jan. 27. Jan. 28. Jan. 29. Jan. 30. Jan. 31. Jan. 1. Jan. 2. Jan. 3. Jan. 4. Jan. 5. Jan. 6. Jan. 7. Jan. 8. Jan. 9. Jan. 10. Jan. 11. Jan. 12. Jan. 13. Jan. 14. Jan. 15. Jan. 16. Jan. 17. Jan. 18. Jan. 19. Jan. 20. Jan. 21. Jan. 22. Jan. 23. Jan. 24. Jan. 25. Jan. 26. Jan. 27. Jan. 28. Jan. 29. Jan. 30. Jan. 31. Jan. 1. Jan. 2. Jan. 3. Jan. 4. Jan. 5. Jan. 6. Jan. 7. Jan. 8. Jan. 9. Jan. 10. Jan. 11. Jan. 12. Jan. 13. Jan. 14. Jan. 15. Jan. 16. Jan. 17. Jan. 18. Jan. 19. Jan. 20. Jan. 21. Jan. 22. Jan. 23. Jan. 24. Jan. 25. Jan. 26. Jan. 27. Jan. 28. Jan. 29. Jan. 30. Jan. 31. Jan. 1. Jan. 2. Jan. 3. Jan. 4. Jan. 5. Jan. 6. Jan. 7. Jan. 8. Jan. 9. Jan. 10. Jan. 11. Jan. 12. Jan. 13. Jan. 14. Jan. 15. Jan. 16. Jan. 17. Jan. 18. Jan. 19. Jan. 20. Jan. 21. Jan. 22. Jan. 23. Jan. 24. Jan. 25. Jan. 26. Jan. 27. Jan. 28. Jan. 29. Jan. 30. Jan. 31. Jan. 1. Jan. 2. Jan. 3. Jan. 4. Jan. 5. Jan. 6. Jan. 7. Jan. 8. Jan. 9. Jan. 10. Jan. 11. Jan. 12. Jan. 13. Jan. 14. Jan. 15. Jan. 16. Jan. 17. Jan. 18. Jan. 19. Jan. 20. Jan. 21. Jan. 22. Jan. 23. Jan. 24. Jan. 25. Jan. 26. Jan. 27. Jan. 28. Jan. 29. Jan. 30. Jan. 31. Jan. 1. Jan. 2. Jan. 3. Jan. 4. Jan. 5. Jan. 6. Jan. 7. Jan. 8. Jan. 9. Jan. 10. Jan. 11. Jan. 12. Jan. 13. Jan. 14. Jan. 15. Jan. 16. Jan. 17. Jan. 18. Jan. 19. Jan. 20. Jan. 21. Jan. 22. Jan. 23. Jan. 24. Jan. 25. Jan. 26. Jan. 27. Jan. 28. Jan. 29. Jan. 30. Jan. 31. Jan. 1. Jan. 2. Jan. 3. Jan. 4. Jan. 5. Jan. 6. Jan. 7. Jan. 8. Jan. 9. Jan. 10. Jan. 11. Jan. 12. Jan. 13. Jan. 14. Jan. 15. Jan. 16. Jan. 17. Jan. 18. Jan. 19. Jan. 20. Jan. 21. Jan. 22. Jan. 23. Jan. 24. Jan. 25. Jan. 26. Jan. 27. Jan. 28. Jan. 29. Jan. 30. Jan. 31. Jan. 1. Jan. 2. Jan. 3. Jan. 4. Jan. 5. Jan. 6. Jan. 7. Jan. 8. Jan. 9. Jan. 10. Jan. 11. Jan. 12. Jan. 13. Jan. 14. Jan. 15. Jan. 16. Jan. 17. Jan. 18. Jan. 19. Jan. 20. Jan. 21. Jan. 22. Jan. 23. Jan. 24. Jan. 25. Jan. 26. Jan. 27. Jan. 28. Jan. 29. Jan. 30. Jan. 31. Jan. 1. Jan. 2. Jan. 3. Jan. 4. Jan. 5. Jan. 6. Jan. 7. Jan. 8. Jan. 9. Jan. 10. Jan. 11. Jan. 12. Jan. 13. Jan. 14. Jan. 15. Jan. 16. Jan. 17. Jan. 18. Jan. 19. Jan. 20. Jan. 21. Jan. 22. Jan. 23. Jan. 24. Jan. 25. Jan. 26. Jan. 27. Jan. 28. Jan. 29. Jan. 30. Jan. 31. Jan. 1. Jan. 2. Jan. 3. Jan. 4. Jan. 5. Jan. 6. Jan. 7. Jan. 8. Jan. 9. Jan. 10. Jan. 11. Jan. 12. Jan. 13. Jan. 14. Jan. 15. Jan. 16. Jan. 17. Jan. 18. Jan. 19. Jan. 20. Jan. 21. Jan. 22. Jan. 23. Jan. 24. Jan. 25. Jan. 26. Jan. 27. Jan. 28. Jan. 29. Jan. 30. Jan. 31. Jan. 1. Jan. 2. Jan. 3. Jan. 4. Jan. 5. Jan. 6. Jan. 7. Jan. 8. Jan. 9. Jan. 10. Jan. 11. Jan. 12. Jan. 13. Jan. 14. Jan. 15. Jan. 16. Jan. 17. Jan. 18. Jan. 19. Jan. 20. Jan. 21. Jan. 22. Jan. 23. Jan. 24. Jan. 25. Jan. 26. Jan. 27. Jan. 28. Jan. 29. Jan. 30. Jan. 31. Jan. 1. Jan. 2. Jan. 3. Jan. 4. Jan. 5. Jan. 6. Jan. 7. Jan. 8. Jan. 9. Jan. 10. Jan. 11. Jan. 12. Jan. 13. Jan. 14. Jan. 15. Jan. 16. Jan. 17. Jan. 18. Jan. 19. Jan. 20. Jan. 21. Jan. 22. Jan. 23. Jan. 24. Jan. 25. Jan. 26. Jan. 27. Jan. 28. Jan. 29. Jan. 30. Jan. 31. Jan. 1. Jan. 2. Jan. 3. Jan. 4. Jan. 5. Jan. 6. Jan. 7. Jan. 8. Jan. 9. Jan. 10. Jan. 11. Jan. 12. Jan. 13. Jan. 14. Jan. 15. Jan. 16. Jan. 17. Jan. 18. Jan. 19. Jan. 20. Jan. 21. Jan. 22. Jan. 23. Jan. 24. Jan. 25. Jan. 26. Jan. 27. Jan. 28. Jan. 29. Jan. 30. Jan. 31. Jan. 1. Jan. 2. Jan. 3. Jan. 4. Jan. 5. Jan. 6. Jan. 7. Jan. 8. Jan. 9. Jan. 10. Jan. 11. Jan. 12. Jan. 13. Jan. 14. Jan. 15. Jan. 16. Jan. 17. Jan. 18. Jan. 19. Jan. 20. Jan. 21. Jan. 22. Jan. 23. Jan. 24. Jan. 25. Jan. 26. Jan. 27. Jan. 28. Jan. 29. Jan. 30. Jan. 31. Jan. 1. Jan. 2. Jan. 3. Jan. 4. Jan. 5. Jan. 6. Jan. 7. Jan. 8. Jan. 9. Jan. 10. Jan. 11. Jan. 12. Jan. 13. Jan. 14. Jan. 15. Jan. 16. Jan. 17. Jan. 18

cluding former Premier Doumergue and Ribot, signed the manifesto unanimously, which would indicate that Briand's day of winning easy votes of confidence in the senate is over, and that the apostles of a sterner course toward Germany are in the saddle and definitely ready for battle.

Meanwhile Briand is rushing from Cannes to save his administration—if that is possible—hoping to convince President Millerand and his cabinet by a last-minute oratorical effort that he has surrendered nothing vital to French interests.

The greatest danger to Briand exists in the fact that the "entente re-publicaine democratie," the largest bloc in the chamber and the one to which Briand owes his premiership, has decided to inject its own inter-

pellations Thursday jointly with those of the Clemenceau party, adding pertinent questions on the resumption of relations with the soviet government.

SUPREME COUNCIL IN CONFERENCE

Cannes, January 11.—The sensational departure of Premier Briand for Paris, where he will face his political enemies in the chamber of deputies in a bold attempt to prevent the wrecking of his government—now seriously threatened—has thrown the supreme council conference into a state of mental confusion and may bring to an end for the time being Lloyd George's constructive efforts to rehabilitate the finances of Europe.

The British-French agreement, upon which hangs the fate of the repa-

rations solution and all the associated economic problems now before the supreme council, is greatly imperiled by the action of the French malcontents, who insist upon qualifications that Great Britain would be loath to grant. Briand was noticeably worried as he entered the train for Paris late Wednesday, nervously smoking quantities of cigarettes and betraying in every motion his anger at the obstructive tactics of the French militaristic bloc which now threatens the cabinet. He will demand that his hands be freed from restraint in dealing with the reparations situation and the Anglo-French pact, and if he fails to obtain this freedom of action the government will fall.

To Lloyd George just before his departure Briand said he hoped to return to Cannes on Friday. But the atmosphere here is of deepest gloom, and fears are openly expressed that the little Breton leader is facing defeat.

FORD PLANS GREAT INDUSTRY CENTER

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lies this valley "could run the United States" if the water now going to waste could be utilized.

Eventually, in Mr. Ford's opinion, the government could derive enough revenue from these power projects to support itself, thereby revolutionizing the financial system of the country.

Mr. Ford has bent the greater part of his energies during the last weeks of his term to shape his plan to develop the Alabama coast.

In the event he obtains the lease from the government, he has held a large number of conferences on this matter and his program is known.

His program includes definite steps toward development of water power in every part of the country. The manufacturer does not believe it practical to carry power for long distances, and therefore has evolved a plan to provide each district with its own project.

OFFICERS ASSERT TALES OF HANGINGS UNTRUE

Continued from First Page.

forth that he was at the Bessens prison on in France when private Fitzgerald was shot and killed "by a sergeant Cooper or Knippen of New Castle, Penn." McDonald said he was ready to testify in support of recent testimony to that effect, by Edward Duncan of San Francisco.

Details of the execution of a soldier at Gieves on June 20, 1919, was given by Colonel Symonds, of Camp Sherman, Ohio, who was in command there at that time. He said, he said, the execution was secret and was not known generally until the next day.

"I saw no reason for making it public because the crime was not committed at Gieves," he added. "I directed that nobody should attend but a certain number of witnesses."

"Was there any other gallows at Gieves?" Chairman Brandegee asked.

"Not while I was there—from February, 1918, to July, 1919."

Some witnesses heretofore had testified that guards had told them of the hanging of upwards of a dozen soldiers at Gieves.

Shown Pictures.

Colonel Symonds was shown a picture of a gallows at Gieves as submitted by a former service man.

"It corresponds closely to the one at Gieves. I believe it is the one I ordered erected there," he said.

Senator Watson, democrat of Georgia, whose charges of illegal executions led to the investigation sharply cross-examined Colonel Symonds concerning the "secrecy" surrounding the execution at Gieves.

"Was the soldier hanged in a uniform?" Senator Watson asked.

"Yes. The body was taken down and buried in the regular way. The grave was in a separate part of the cemetery."

"Did the soldier make any statement prior to the hanging?"

"On the gallows he asked that his family be notified, but that he be not told how he died. He also asked that they shoot and not hang him," Colonel Symonds said.

Only One Execution.

J. P. Fyffe, a manufacturer, of Chattanooga, Tenn., who was executive officer to Colonel Symonds at Gieves from August, 1918, to August, 1919, testified there was only one execution there in that period.

While efforts were being made to keep the hanging at daylight secret, Mr. Fyffe said, "the news got around by noon."

"I never heard of a lynching and I certainly would have heard of it had it occurred," he added.

Captain Joseph D. Hahn, now at Camp Benning, Ga., who was stationed at Gieves from March, 1918, to July 20, 1919, said he heard of no illegal executions at that point. During his service there he only knew of the one legal hanging.

A witness, Harry W. Segal, of Dorchester, Mass., has testified that he and others saw and heard negro soldiers shot and executed them. Captain Hahn was informed. "Is that true?" he was asked.

"It's absolutely untrue," said Captain Hahn, adding that he could not recall Segal or any incident which might have caused him to make such a statement.

Discounts Story.

The protest officer at Gieves, Oscar P. Cole, of Berlin, N. H., who was stationed there from April, 1918, to June, 1919, testified he never heard of the alleged lynching of the negro there.

"I don't believe it could have happened without my knowledge," Cole declared.

Luther Churchill, of East Bridgewater, Mass., testified he never heard of the hanging of a soldier in the 10th infantry in December, 1917. As recording officer at the regimental hospital Churchill said he was positive.

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no body of a soldier with rope marks around the neck was sent there.

As senior soldier attached to the hospital service of the 10th infantry, Sergeant William T. Hamon, of Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, corroborated the testimony of Churchill as to absence of rope marks.

"No such body was ever sent to any of the station hospitals under my care," Hamon said.

Marvin J. Menifee, of Luray, Va., declared he was with Major Hierome Oplin, of Staunton, Va., commander of the 3rd battalion, 110th infantry, in the Argonne, and never heard of charges in France that the major had shot any of his men.

LATEST JAP MOVE HOLDS UP ACTION

Continued from First Page.

the clause was originally put in the treaty at the suggestion, at least to meet the demands of Japan.

Original Position.

Their original position on naval disarmament was that before they would consent to cut down their fleet, they must be assured against the possibility of attack from naval bases at Guam or in the Philippines. Promptly the United States agreed to maintain the status quo on all Pacific islands, including the Philippines and Guam, as far as forts and ship bases are concerned.

It was agreed that for the purposes of the treaty, the islands of Alaska and the islands off the coast of Alaska should be considered part of the mainland of the United States. In other words, we were to be allowed to fortify and build naval bases in Hawaii and Alaska, so far as we desired.

Whether the new Japanese delay and reference to the covered superior purpose is not certain. For days the Japanese have been spreading the report that there would be no nine-power treaty at all.

Yesterday the American insistence on some such agreements was made public. Almost instantly came the Japanese demand for revision of the naval treaty, which probably means a week's delay in reaching further decisions.

It is part of Japanese diplomatic tactics to tire out their opponents by endless delays and disputes over details, until public interest has been largely exhausted, and the participants in the conference reduced to a state of weary indifference. Then they are often able to get decisions in their favor which might otherwise be impossible.

Displaced Over Shantung.

The Japanese are also displaced because of the American and British insistence that the Shantung question must be settled, and settled here in Washington before the conference adjourns.

For the last ten days personal representatives of Hughes and Balfour have been politely and informally urging the Japanese to meet the Chinese and settle the Shantung controversy. Yesterday the Japanese partially yielded and asked the Chinese for a conference, which was finally postponed to this morning and is now in session. The Japanese limited the subject of conversation this morning to docks, mines and other property on the Shantung peninsula. They will not discuss the railroad—and the railroad is at the crux and center of the whole Shantung dispute.

The unvarnished truth is, the Japanese have been spoiled by the magnanimity of the English-speaking conference—and that is a broad statement—in yielding to their superior diplomacy in settling issues in which China particularly is involved. There has been entirely too much Japanese influence in the conference.

MARGIN OF VOETS SHOWS SHRINKAGE

Continued from First Page.

there are 35 negative democratic votes, after Watson, of Georgia, has been deducted. Reed, of Missouri, and Kendrick, of Wyoming, are paired. Gerry, of Rhode Island, is expected to be absent. This leaves 32 votes in favor of unseating Newberry to which should be added the ten votes from the republicans. This gives 42, a number which might be increased by the addition of votes from the three republicans who are regarded as uncertain.

Two or three additional votes lost to Newberry would mean his expulsion from the senate, according to these calculations.

Underwood Sounds Warning.

Senator Underwood, of Alabama, democratic leader, warned his republican colleagues that the democrats will carry the issue before the people if Newberry is seated. The republican party, he insisted, is responsible and is on trial.

"It is not a question of the seat itself or of the personality of the candidate," said Underwood. "As I see the case, the issue involved is whether the republican party, as a party, intends to obey the law of the land. Seldom has there been a contest case so closely connected with party organization."

Newberry, Underwood declared, was drafted by the republican organization, and when the republicans saw they could not win, they decided to buy his seat. The amount spent, he said, could not have been used legitimately.

"It's corruption in politics," said Underwood. "Somebody was guilty. An effort was made to direct the votes of the electorate in Michigan."

"It is not Senator Newberry who is under indictment. It is the republican party. We of the opposition have the right to carry the republican verdict before the American people. The question is whether you will obey the election laws that have been placed on the statute books."

Norris Sarcastic.

Senator Norris, one of the republicans opposed to Newberry, was elaborately sarcastic in discussing the case.

"Why, if we don't confirm the sale of this seat," said Norris, "we have poor men in the senate. We might even have farmers here—even farmers with whiskers—whiskers that would put in the same class those who adorn the face of our illustrious leader (Lodge)."

"But our illustrious leaders have decided to be confirmed."

Norris told the democrats the republicans cannot be frightened with talk of defeat. "Lame ducks" will be cared for, he said, if any seats are lost through votes to seat Newberry.

"As for poor men," Norris continued, "if they can't raise the ante for the senatorial poker game, they can get in a game of craps up the alley. A poor man can run for constable, or even for justice of the peace."

Senator Spencer, of Missouri, leading the fight in Newberry's behalf, endeavor to obtain a unanimous

consent agreement for a vote at 4 o'clock Thursday, but was blocked by democratic leaders.

Among the speeches against Newberry was one by Jones, of Washington, who heretofore had been considered doubtful. Spencer, at various times, disputed the attacks on the Michigan senator.

Democrats are divided on whether to make a motion to recommit the case to committee for further investigation. If this were done, some fear, the issue might be postponed until after the election. Others believe that Newberry himself should be cross-examined, and they wish also to call B. F. Emory, office manager of the Newberry campaign committee, who had been too ill to testify.

GALE THREATENS U. S. TROOP SHIP

Continued from First Page.

Crooke, steaming toward New York in a leaking condition.

Aboard the ship are about 1,000 American soldiers, casualties from the Rhine force. Fear was held for their safety when a naval radio brought word that the transport had sprung a leak about 500 miles off New York.

Later messages, however, were reassuring, stating that the leaks had been plugged, danger had passed and that the vessel was making twelve knots under her own steam in a good sea and with other vessels nearby.

It was thought advisable to send out the St. Michael, however, to eliminate all possibility of danger.

PLANS FOR WILSON FOUNDATION DRIVE NEARLY COMPLETE

Plans for launching the drive for the Atlanta quota of the \$1,000,000 Woodrow Wilson foundation fund were practically completed Wednesday afternoon, when members of the local committee, Jesse E. Mercer, chairman, met in the offices of Marvin Underwood, a member of the national committee in the Candler building. Final touches to the local campaign are expected to be put on Friday afternoon when the committee meets again.

Burgess Smith was asked to draft a formal address to the people of Georgia, explaining the foundation movement and appealing for popular subscription to the drive. The address will be next Monday, when the hour from noon to 1 o'clock will be observed as the "Woodrow Wilson hour."

Following the outbreak of a series of pogroms started, and the Jews, together with peasants fleeing from the reign of terror, started a march from their homes to the border. Their homes were burned and their winter food supply confiscated by the revolutionaries.

CHAPTER OF KLAN IS ORGANIZED IN WASHINGTON

Washington, January 11.—Organization of a local chapter of the Ku Klux Klan, the nation's capital has been started with the initiation of three members at a ceremony in Rock Creek Park, attended by all the members of the Atlanta Retail Food Dealers' association at a meeting Tuesday night passed a resolution calling on all Atlantans to employ men now on work that it will be

For the purpose of alleviating present employment conditions here, the members of the Atlanta Retail Food Dealers' association at a meeting Tuesday night passed a resolution calling on all Atlantans to employ men now on work that it will be

\$500 Is Subscribed.

Nashville, Tenn., January 11.—The largest subscription received to date by Tennessee headquarters of the Woodrow Wilson foundation was reported today, when the Army Comfort league here today pledged \$500 to the fund. Organization work is being pushed here this week so that every county in Tennessee will be ready for the national drive which begins next Monday.

DOUGLAS BOYD, SR., DIES IN CALIFORNIA

Douglas Boyd, Sr., formerly of Griffin, and well known in Atlanta, died in Los Angeles, Cal., Wednesday, according to reports received in this city. He is survived by his widow and three daughters, Misses Catherine and Elda Boyd, of Los Angeles, and Mrs. Cator Woodford, of Atlanta; a son, Douglas, Jr., and a sister, Mrs. J. J. Mangham, of Atlanta.

SURE RELIEF FOR INDIGESTION

BELL'S INDIGESTION 25 CENTS

6 BELL'S Hot water Sure Relief

BELL'S 25c and 75c Packages Everywhere

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JEWISH ORPHANS SUFFER FROM COLD AND FROM HUNGER

Thousands of little Jewish orphans, whose parents were killed in recent pogroms in western Ukraine, are starving in the banks of the Dniester river, according to cable reports received here by Victor H. Kriegerbaum, of Atlanta, zone chairman of the southern division of the American Jewish relief committee.

Among them are many Russian orphans as well whose parents were slain in the fights between the warring factions that participated in the most recent and perhaps the most horrible of the terrors that have swept over Russia in recent months. Together with the few survivors of the pogroms and the new revolts in the Ukraine the children are starving in the hovels dug in the frozen ground with the terror of the pogroms and the bloodshed of revolution to their backs and the outbreak of a series of pogroms started, and the Jews, together with peasants fleeing from the reign of terror, started a march from their homes to the border. Their homes were burned and their winter food supply confiscated by the revolutionaries.

According to reports received by Mr. Kriegerbaum, this appalling situation resulted from an attempt to overthrow the present Ukrainian regime by a group of revolutionaries in Petura. Following the outbreak of a series of pogroms started, and the Jews, together with peasants fleeing from the reign of terror, started a march from their homes to the border. Their homes were burned and their winter food supply confiscated by the revolutionaries.

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GEORGIA COUNTRY BANKERS TO MEET HERE MARCH 28

Announcement that the annual convention of the Country Bankers' association of Georgia will be held in Atlanta on March 28 and 29 was made at a meeting of the executive committee of the association Wednesday afternoon, according to L. H. Adams, secretary of the association.

Approximately 400 bankers throughout the state will be represented at this convention, hotel headquarters for which have not yet been decided. The principal topic for consideration will be the "Revision of the Taxation Laws of Georgia."

The Georgia Farm Market federation, organized recently was discussed at the meeting of the executive committee. This federation is designed to co-ordinate the farm market bureau throughout the state and bring together producers, business men and farmers.

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COLQUITT CHIEF'S HEARING FRIDAY

Moultrie, Ga., January 11.—(Special.)—The board of county commissioners late today set Friday as the date of the hearing of the charges brought against J. O. Stewart, chief of the Colquitt county police, by certain taxpayers of the county. The petitioners urge the removal of Stewart on the ground that he is alleged to have been a participant in the lynching of John Henry Williams, a negro, who was burned near Auttreyville last summer, after his conviction of the murder of Lorena Wilkes, a white girl. Stewart was one of the special guards sworn to help protect the negro, while he was on trial. It also is alleged that Stewart persecuted himself in the trial of two cases against moonshiners here last year. Stewart has issued no public statement, but has employed attorneys to represent him at the hearing before the commissioners. Attorney for the citizens who brought the petition urging the removal of Stewart, declared that the case will be carried before Judge Thomas, of the southern circuit, if the commissioners decline to dismiss Stewart. Simultaneously, it was stated that a large number of witnesses had been subpoenaed to testify at the hearing of the charges brought against the officer at the hearing before the commissioners. The grand jury will convene in Moultrie Monday in regular session, and it is likely that the body will start an investigation of the lynching of Williams. The grand jury that served shortly after the burning of the negro went into the burning was unable to get sufficient evidence to bring a formal charge against anyone.

Seven Temporary Jurors Selected In Arbuckle Trial

San Francisco, Cal., January 11.—Selection of seven temporary jurors and dismissal in the police court of a perjury charge against Mrs. M. M. Arbuckle resulting from her defense testimony in the first trial, were the outstanding developments today in connection with the opening of the second manslaughter trial of Roscoe C. (Fatty) Arbuckle, motion picture comedian. The case grew out of the death of Miss Virginia Kappel, the prosecution charging Arbuckle attacked her. The presence of a large throng in front of the criminal courts building to watch the trial principals, and keenly interested in the proceedings, sat close to his chief counsel, Gavin McNab. His wife sat in another section of the courtroom. The dismissal of Mrs. Arbuckle, whose case had progressed at intervals for a month, was regarded by the defense as a point in its favor, but the prosecution held the opposite view. The same elaborate police guard that was maintained throughout the first trial again appeared today, and the plan of admitting spectators and press representatives to the courtroom by a card was again employed.

ONE IS KILLED, TWO ARE HURT, IN TRAIN WRECK

Portsmouth, Ohio, January 11.—J. G. Callahan, Russell, Ky., fireman, was killed; S. B. Caldwell, brakeman, Chinnville, Ky., and Louis K. Perry, engineer, Russell, Ky., were badly injured and scalded when the engine, tender and three coal cars of a freight train on the Chesapeake and Ohio Northern plunged down a 100-foot embankment, one and a half miles north of Scottdale, early this morning. Callahan was caught in the cab of the engine and scalded to death. The other two men jumped. The engine rolled over several times and landed upside down. Collapse of a huge fill, weakened by heavy rains was given as the cause of the accident.

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The Most Remarkable Values Worth up to \$40

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Not rejected or "passed over" styles, but fine, hand-tailored suits and overcoats you paid up to \$40 for only a few weeks ago. Standard clothing from the best tailors of the country. The quality is ace high.

Men's High Shoes

Thoroughly good shoes in black and brown leathers, and worth a great deal more—reduced for a final clearance to.....

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36 Whitehall St.

Program Prepared For Memorial Hall Cornerstone Laying

The program has been completed for laying the cornerstone of the Habersham Memorial hall at 3 o'clock next Saturday afternoon. Members of the Joseph Habersham chapter, D. A. R., will assemble, by invitation, at the Piedmont Driving club and will then go in a body to the beautiful site of the hall on Fifteenth street, just across from the club. The address of the occasion will be delivered by Captain Richard J. Broyles. The exercises will be conducted by the Masons, with Dr. Joseph Bowdoin, grand master of the grand lodge of Masons of Georgia, in charge. A feature of the cornerstone laying will be the presence on the stand of a small table, which was brought over by Oglethorpe when he came to Georgia in the Anne. This is considered the most precious relic in possession of the Habersham chapter. Members of all patriotic orders and societies of Atlanta are cordially invited to attend the exercises.

Griffin Banks Have Excellent Annual Reports

Griffin, Ga., January 11.—(Special.)—Those who say that the state of Georgia is bankrupt, should carefully read the financial reports of the five Griffin banks, just made public. These reports, which the banking institutions of Griffin have had a most successful year. All five declared dividends. The Griffin Banking company, at its annual meeting, declared a dividend of 8 per cent, besides placing a large amount to "surplus." The officers elected by this bank for the present year are: J. P. Nichols, Sr., president; B. R. Blakely, vice president; E. C. Smith, vice president and cashier; J. N. Bell and J. P. Nichols, Jr., assistant cashiers. The directors of the bank are Lloyd Cleveland, B. R. Blakely, J. H. Stevens, J. P. Nichols, Sr., W. H. Williams, W. F. Ingles, J. P. Nichols, Jr., E. C. Smith and John B. Mills. The Savings Bank of Griffin also declared an 8 per cent dividend. The officers for this bank just elected are: B. R. Blakely, president; J. H. Smith, vice president and cashier; E. H. Griffin, assistant cashier; William H. Beck, attorney. The directors named at the meeting were J. P. Nichols, B. R. Blakely, J. H. Stevens, M. J. Danley, T. T. Blakely, F. M. Binford, W. Beck, J. H. Smith and E. H. Griffin. A semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent was declared by the Merchants and Farmers Bank of Griffin. The directors named the following officers: J. C. Brooks, president; J. S. Tyus, vice president; O. S. Tyus, cashier. The directors named are J. C. Brooks, J. S. Tyus, O. S. Tyus, James M. Brawner, W. J. Kincaid, Allen Little, Haskell H. Bass and J. P. Mason. The highest dividend paid by any of the Griffin banks for the year 1921 was paid by the City National bank. At its annual meeting it declared a semi-annual dividend of 6 per cent. The directors named are J. C. Brooks, J. S. Tyus, O. S. Tyus, James M. Brawner, W. J. Kincaid, Allen Little, Haskell H. Bass and J. P. Mason. The highest dividend paid by any of the Griffin banks for the year 1921 was paid by the City National bank. At its annual meeting it declared a semi-annual dividend of 6 per cent. The directors named are J. C. Brooks, J. S. Tyus, O. S. Tyus, James M. Brawner, W. J. Kincaid, Allen Little, Haskell H. Bass and J. P. Mason.

"What is the subject of this photograph?" "It's a story of the great north." "Big trees, snowstorms, love in the wild and all that sort of thing?" "Yes, and the hero is a pretentious chap who's never been 500 miles from steam heat in his life."—Birmingham Age-Herald

U. S. OFFICIALS INSPECT BENNING

Columbus, Ga., January 11.—(Special.)—J. Mayhew Wainwright, assistant secretary of war, and Major General James G. Harbord, deputy chief of staff of the United States army, today inspected the United States infantry school at Camp Benning, near Columbus. Every phase of activity at the infantry school, living conditions and facilities for recreation on the part of officers and men are being carefully noted by the inspecting officials. They saw the men at work and at play, went through the class rooms and lecture halls, inspected living quarters, and during the day, made an automobile trip over the rifle ranges and other sections of the reservation, studying particularly the varied terrain which admits of military operations of any character, on almost any scale desired.

Large Reservation. The reservation, which comprises portions of Muscogee and Chattahoochee counties, is a tract of 98,000 acres—almost as large as Fulton county. A demonstration of modern warfare was given today for the benefit of the distinguished guests. The demonstration was elaborate and impressive, every destructive instrument of warfare being used with the exception of artillery. Mr. Wainwright and General Harbord are guests of General W. H. Gordon, commanding at Benning, at the old-fashioned southern mansion on the reservation occupied by the commandant general and his wife as their home.

Leave Thursday. At luncheon today with General and Mrs. Gordon, were guests of Colonel and Mrs. Paul B. Malone. Tonight, Secretary Wainwright and General Harbord were guests at a banquet tendered by former members of the second and twenty-seventh divisions, two of the divisions serving under General Harbord in the world war. The banquet was followed by a reception and dance. The Columbus Rotary and Kiwanis clubs will unite in a joint entertainment of the distinguished guests at a luncheon at the Ralston hotel tomorrow. The party will leave Columbus tomorrow afternoon.

ANOTHER POULTRY SALE TO BE HELD IN DUBLIN TODAY

Dublin, Ga., January 11.—(Special.)—The new scheme of holding "poultry sales" is becoming popular in Dublin and Laurens county, and hardly a week passes now that sales are not held. Thursday a sale will be held at the chamber of commerce, and already scores of chickens, geese, guineas and turkeys, and eggs are offered. There are no charges for handling the chickens and eggs. The chamber of commerce provides a place and an "auctioneer" for the occasion merely to enable fanciers of the city and farmers of the county to dispose of their products at the best possible prices obtaining in the markets on these days. The only stipulation sale managers insist upon is that whenever more than one bid is received the article must be sold. When only one bid is received, the owner has the right to reject the bid or to sell at his wishes. Buyers attend these sales in large numbers and the bidding is rapid. The promotion of poultry raising as a "money crop" is fast taking a decided hold on local farmers and others who formerly produced poultry and eggs for home consumption only.

OFFICERS ARE GIVEN FEDERAL RECOGNITION

Seventeen national guard officers in the fourth army corps area received federal recognition during the past week, according to an announcement made by Major Louis A. Craig, headquarters, Fort McPherson. Four Georgia officers received federal recognition, these being First Lieutenant Richard C. Endicott, Atlanta; First Lieutenant Roy C. Davis, Atlanta; Captain John W. Barnett, Macon; and First Lieutenant Henry G. White, Savannah.

Beck Gives \$25,000 Fund to Educate Poor Georgia Boys

Through a gift of \$25,000 made Wednesday to Georgia Tech by L. H. Beck, president of the Beck & Gregg Hardware company, poor boys of Georgia will be aided in obtaining



L. H. BECK.

educations along technical lines, it was announced Wednesday by Eugene R. Beck, chairman of the board of trustees of the fund. The members of the board are Eugene R. Beck, chairman; W. H. Glenn, J. H. Hillman, W. A. Parker, Jr., and Palmer Smith. The trustees were named by Mr. Beck several days ago, when he decided to create this fund.

The gift made to Tech by Mr. Beck is the second large gift he has made recently. Last fall he gave \$50,000 to Emory university, to be used as a fund to be loaned to boys working their way through the institution. The only restriction made in the gift to Tech is that the money shall be used exclusively and only for the education of boys who are unable to pay their own way through the institution. The money is to be advanced to students by the board of trustees, and the board has full control of the fund. The stipulation is made that the money is to be diverted by the trustees to some other institution if the Georgia legislature makes any attempt to control its distribution. Students living in Georgia between the ages of 16 and 25 years, who are unable to obtain an education without financial assistance, will be eligible to receive loans. It is planned to make loans of \$1,000 each at 5 per cent interest. The students will be given ample time in which to repay the money.

"Mr. Beck is one of the first citizens of Atlanta in the true sense of the word," said Mr. Hillman in discussing the \$25,000 gift Wednesday. "He came to Atlanta nearly sixty years ago, a poor boy, and has grown up with the city. His heart is with Atlanta and his desire now is to pay back to the city and the state what it has given him. He has decided that it is his duty to do what he could do to aid Georgia boys in obtaining an education, thereby assisting not only them but the state at large. The fund will increase year by year as the loans are paid back to the fund with interest, until eventually it will be large enough to aid a great many boys who otherwise would not obtain the education they desire. This is altogether an unselfish act on the part of Mr. Beck and one which we hope may inspire other wealthy men to aid boys to make a start in life. There are no strings attached to the offer except that it must remain entirely under the control of the trustees."

OUTSIDE EVIDENCE IN PAR CLEARANCE HEARING IS BARRED

By a ruling of Judge Beverly D. Evans in the hearing of the par clearance controversy it was held that testimony pertaining to action of Federal Reserve banks outside of the sixth district, was irrelevant, at the Wednesday session of the United States district court. No indication as to when a decision would be reached was seen. John W. Davis, former ambassador to Great Britain, and internationally known lawyer, represented the Federal Reserve bank of Atlanta in the argument Wednesday. The question before the court was as to whether testimony from outside of the sixth district would be admissible. At the time the argument as to the admissibility of testimony was brought up, T. C. Long, an Oregon banker, was on the stand. The decision of the court was reserved pending further hearing.

Constructive Effort In Commercial Lines Predicted by Candler

With the two years' period of deflation completed, the present year will be a period for constructive effort in commercial lines, according to the opinion of Asa G. Candler, president of the Central Bank and Trust corporation. That business and agriculture will now be built on a more practical basis, is the belief of Mr. Candler. He states that the reverse of the past year has cleared the public mind of ideas of wild extravagance which were developed by the war.

FULTON MARKET FIRE CAUSES SMALL DAMAGE

Fire of undetermined origin broke out at 11 o'clock Wednesday night in the basement of the Fulton market, 25-27 East Alabama street, causing slight damage from smoke and water. The blaze was confined to the cellar, none of the stock being affected.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take Laxative BROMO QUININE tablets. The genuine bears the signature of E. W. Grove. (Be sure you get BROMO.) 30c.—(adv.)

TO OFFER RAILWAY TO ATLANTA COMPANY

Athens, Ga., January 11.—(Special.)—The Gainesville Midland railroad will be offered to the Georgia Railway and Power company to be run as an electric line, according to the plan worked out by the merchants' retail association, and which will be submitted to the chamber of commerce at its meeting Thursday afternoon.

It is known that the chamber of commerce favors turning the Gainesville railway, which faces being junked, into an electric line, and members of that organization had considered a plan whereby the company would be turned over to the Central of Georgia company. It was learned, however, from an authoritative source tonight that the commerce body is favorably inclined toward the plan of placing the company in the hands of the Georgia Railway and Power company. It is believed the plan will be passed.

Petition Signed. A petition from Athens citizens, con-

sisting of several hundred names, will be presented at the chamber of commerce meeting Thursday favoring that the railway be turned over to the Athens company. Committees from the Rotary, Kiwanis and Advertising clubs also will urge this action, according to statements made by their presidents. The committee from the Athens Merchants Retail association, which worked out the details of the plan, is composed of Arthur Booth, A. H. Whitehead and M. G. Nicholson.

H. M. Atkinson, chairman of the board of the Georgia Railway and Power company, stated Wednesday night that no offer to turn over the Gainesville Midland railroad to the Georgia Railway and Power company has been made as yet. Although Mr. Atkinson refused to state what his company would do if the offer is formally made, it is understood that the proposition will not be accepted.

SAYS MEN ENTICED HUN FROM HOME AND FLOGGED HIM

Birmingham, Ala., January 11.—Lester Hagwood, a resident of Woodlawn, a suburb, reported to police headquarters in person this afternoon that he was severely flogged late last night by a party of five men after being enticed from his home. Hagwood told the police that men who represented themselves as officers carried him to Roebuck Springs, where he was blindfolded and then beaten with straps. Hagwood said his assailants accused him of some irregular real estate transactions with his mother, Mrs. Martha Hagwood.

PLAN TO PUT IRISH TREATY IN OPERATION

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Dublin, January 11.—The summoning of the southern parliament to meet Saturday by Arthur Griffith, president of the dail eireann, and his cabinet has started the machinery for putting the treaty into operation. Half a dozen huge vans backed in front of the chief secretary's offices in Dublin castle this afternoon and removed stacks of official documents and effects of the secretariat and police departments, thus beginning the evacuation of the castle—the symbol to Irishmen for centuries of British control. Ramon De Valera informed the correspondents that he believed his party would ignore the Saturday meeting of the parliament. In response to an inquiry regarding his plans, he said he intended to continue the fight for independence; he supposed elections would be held within six or nine months.

An important development today was the issuance of a manifesto by the Irish labor party stating that labor would participate in the elections to secure representation in the new Free State government. The method adopted in summoning those who are to ratify the treaty is held to indicate that the British desire to avoid friction in the transference of the authority of Ireland. Instead of acting directly, the British government acted through the dail cabinet, leaving the dail to initiate execution of the treaty.

LEADER OF MASONS OF STATE HONORED BY MASONIC CLUB

Dr. Joseph Bowdoin, grand master of the grand lodge of the state of Georgia, who was the guest of the Atlanta Masonic club at its regular luncheon, Wednesday afternoon at the Peacock cafe, was elected unanimously an honorary member. Dr. William Torrence Stuchell, pastor of the Central Congregational church, and newly-elected president of the club, presided and spoke of plans for 1922. He said that the activities of the club should be enlarged and that the membership should be increased from 500 to 1,000.

Music at the meeting was furnished by the Agnes Scott College Glee club, composed of ten voices and led by Professor Louis Johnson and Miss Eunice D. Curry. Councilman Edgar Watkins, it was announced, will address next Wednesday's meeting on the Atlanta plan for a new city charter.

AIR MAIL SERVICE FUND ELIMINATED

Washington, January 11.—With provisions for the air mail service eliminated, the annual postoffice appropriation bill, which carries approximately \$554,000,000, was favorably reported today by the house appropriations committee. The total carried in the measure is \$24,707,976 less than the appropriations for the current fiscal year and \$24,735,681 less than the amount requested by the budget bureau.

Blackstock, Hale & Morgan 2 Peachtree St.

FINAL CLEAN-UP

We Never Carry Stock Over From One Season to Another

GREATEST Values in SUITS and OVERCOATS for Men and Young Men ever offered in Atlanta--COLLEGIAN CLOTHES

See Our Five Big Show Windows AMERICA'S BEST MAKE AT REDUCED PRICES See Our Five Big Show Windows

All O'Coats 1/2 Price

ALL SUITS REDUCED NEARLY ONE-HALF

\$25.00 Suits, Sale Price—\$16.75
\$30.00 Suits, Sale Price—\$19.75
\$35.00 Suits, Sale Price—\$21.75
\$40.00 Suits, Sale Price—\$24.75
\$45.00 Suits, Sale Price—\$26.75
\$50.00 Suits, Sale Price—\$29.75
\$55.00 Suits, Sale Price—\$31.75
\$60.00 Suits, Sale Price—\$33.75
\$65.00 Suits, Sale Price—\$34.75
\$70.00 Suits, Sale Price—\$36.75
\$75.00 Suits, Sale Price—\$39.75

ALL VELOUR HATS 1/2 PRICE

Blackstock, Hale & Morgan

Distinctive Clothiers and Furnishers

2 Peachtree St.

DINNER PLANNED BY PRESBYTERIANS

Following a dinner in the Kimball house banquet hall this evening at 6:30 o'clock, to which 400 persons are invited, final plans for the beginning of the Presbyterian campaign Sunday for the support of Christian education, will be made, and the work of organizing the city completed.

All the officials of the Presbyterian churches in the city and prominent Presbyterians are expected to attend this dinner. Rev. I. S. McElroy, of Columbus, chairman of the executive committee on education, of synod of Georgia, is expected to speak. Other speakers will include John A. Sibley and Dr. J. S. Lyons, of Atlanta.

Each speaker will emphasize the importance of every Presbyterian responding liberally to the appeal of the church for \$200,000 to be used for the support and expansion of the North Avenue Presbyterian school in Atlanta and the Nacoochee Institute in Nanticoke. Special emphasis will be placed on the value of the North Avenue school to every Presbyterian in Atlanta, and upon the ever-increasing need of Christian education and the high standard of morality it instills into the youth of the nation in this age of materialism and commercialism.

Another point that will be stressed by each speaker will be the fact that the Presbyterian church will soon be far behind other churches in the matter of Christian education unless all members of the denomination heed the synod's call for support and grasp this opportunity to redress the failure of the past in supporting schools of the church.

After the speeches are concluded a complete program for the campaign will be made for this city. Teams in each church will be organized. Everything will be made ready for the intensive campaign of the coming week.

\$10,000 Embezzlement Charged in Indictment Against Hellbrueck

H. T. Hellbrueck, general manager of the Southeastern Paint and Oil company, was indicted by the Fulton county grand jury Wednesday on charges of embezzling \$10,000. The bill charges that the embezzlement occurred on October 25, 1921, while Hellbrueck was president, general manager and acting treasurer of the company. The Southeastern Paint and Oil company is located in the Grant building.

SERVICES THURSDAY FOR VICTIM OF FALL

Funeral services for J. A. Fitzgibbon, who died at Grady hospital Tuesday night, as the result of a fall from a two-story roof at the Oxford hotel early Monday morning, will be conducted at 3:30 o'clock Thursday afternoon at the chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son, by Dr. L. O. Bricker. Interment will follow in Oakland cemetery.

He is survived by his mother, Mrs. J. V. Fitzgibbon; three sisters, Mrs. H. L. Folger, of Decatur; Mrs. H. H. Manley, of Atlanta; and Mrs. H. H. Andrews, of Detroit, Mich., and three brothers, R. J. Fitzgibbon, of Savannah; W. N. Fitzgibbon, of Newark, N. J.; and J. J. Fitzgibbon, of Decatur.

BAXTER KILLING CASE IN HANDS OF JURY

Chattanooga, Tenn., January 11.—The case against Charles Baxter, charged with killing Blevins Downey, at the former's home in North Chattanooga several months ago, was placed in the hands of a jury in the criminal court late this afternoon.

Baxter testified that Downey came to his home and expressed the intention of killing him and that he shot first in self-defense.

He also said that Downey had often threatened his life and that he was in deadly fear of him. The jury had not reported at a late hour tonight.

VICTIM OF LIVE WIRE TO BE BURIED TODAY

Funeral services for Remsen P. King, young Atlanta business man who died after touching an exposed wire on an electric heater in the bathroom of his home, 21 East Third street, Tuesday night, will be conducted at 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon at the Ponce de Leon Avenue Baptist church, by Dr. M. Ashby Jones, pastor, and Dr. John E. White, of Anderson, S. C. Interment will follow in Oakland cemetery, with H. M. Patterson & Son in charge.

Mr. King is survived by his mother, Mrs. P. King, of Atlanta, and sister, Mrs. Willis Ragan, of Atlanta.

SPANISH COALITION CABINET RESIGNS

Madrid, January 11.—(By the Associated Press.)—The coalition cabinet, headed by Antonio Maura as premier and minister of justice, resigned today as a result of the bitter political strife which has been prevalent in Spain for a long time. Marked opposition lately has been shown to the conduct of the ministry of war by Senor de La Cierba and the ministry of finance, by Senor Cambó.

Johnson Causes Stir By Silence In Senate Fight

Hiram Fails to Rally to Aid of Colleagues in Newberry Storm.

BY JAMES A. HOLLOMAN, Constitution Bureau, Raleigh Hotel.

Washington, January 11.—(By Constitution Leased Wire.)—Perhaps no incident in recent years in the senate has created so much comment as the failure of Senator Johnson, of California—"Hell Roarin' Hiram" as he loves to be called—to appear on the scene to aid his progressive colleagues in their fight on Senator Newberry of Michigan.

He was counted as one of those certain to vote for the expulsion of the "200,000 senator," and so certain was Senator Borah that he would show up in due season that his tabulations always showed Johnson as voted against the accused.

Johnson has been easily the "bell weather" of the progressives. To aspire to the leadership in the United States, to reach that goal and then to retain the honor, is an accomplishment rarely won by any man. But with Johnson the conditions were different from those under which others labored.

He has been the candidate for the vice presidency on the bull moose ticket in 1912. He was known throughout the country. In the presidential fight of 1916 he gave credit for the election of Woodrow Wilson, because of his absolute control in California, and because he frowned on the candidacy of Charles E. Hughes.

Lead Fight on Treaty. He came into the senate and assumed a leadership during the fight on the Versailles treaty. Then he became a candidate for the presidency in the last presidential primaries and agitated the country, acquainting the voters with the "Hell-Roarin' Hiram."

Johnson was in the ranks of the leaders then. A man feared somewhat by the regular republicans in the senate. John Carson, in today's Baltimore Evening Sun, attempts to solve the problem. He says: "What has happened to Johnson is perhaps a mystery to those who are not in daily touch with the situation in congress, but it is no mystery to his former close associates. Johnson has gradually slipped from his place of power until now, when the Newberry case and his absent present conditions which may cause him to lose prestige forever, unless he rallies to the ranks of the 'regulars' and aspires to leadership and reward there."

"The waning power of Johnson goes back to the republican national convention. The fight Johnson had made in the primaries gave him considerable recognition. Before the convention in Chicago the word went out that he would have to be reckoned with, especially in the fear that he would make a fight on the floor of the convention. That hour of trial came and some of his friends went to him to take the fight on the convention floor. He was urged to revive the old progressive corps. But Johnson did not carry on; his expected fight against materialism; his disappointed friends turned to Washington with the story that 'Johnson was through.'"

Johnson was last heard from in Washington when President Harding made his announcement about the probability of creating an association of nations. He called at the white house shortly after that announcement was made, and it was said he was seeking information so that he might discuss the subject while he was in California. He then went away, and aside from one bit of publicity given to a statement by him, he has been unheard of in Washington.

The political gossip in Washington is that Johnson is anxious to return to the senate and that he is planning to carry the California primaries next spring. Just now his chief supporters are newspaper owners in California, is assaulting, in a half-hearted way, the Harding administration, the work of the conference on limitation of armaments, the fight for Senator Newberry and the proposal for an association of nations. When this assault began, an echo from Johnson was expected, but it did not come, except in the form of a newspaper owner in California, is assaulting, in a half-hearted way, the Harding administration, the work of the conference on limitation of armaments, the fight for Senator Newberry and the proposal for an association of nations.

Can Johnson be defeated in California in the senatorial primaries? His friends and those best acquainted with conditions in the state do not believe that he can, regardless of the course he pursues. But there are others who insist that the Harding administration has a candidate in view to whom support would be thrown in case Johnson continued to be an obstruction in the path of the administration. The candidate mentioned is well known; he had one political tussle with Johnson and lost.

Whatever there may be to all of this, the fact remains Johnson left his progressive colleagues in the lurch in the Newberry fight.

To Select Site. St. Louis, January 11.—Selection of a spring training camp was the object of Bob Quinn, business manager of the St. Louis Americans, who was en route to the south today. Mobile, Ala., and Lake Charles, La., were on his itinerary.

BARKER IS ELECTED CHAMBER SECRETARY

B. S. Barker, vice president of the Gainesville-Northwestern railroad, president of the Gainesville Chamber of Commerce and the Gainesville Golf club, and a former Atlantan, Wednesday was elected secretary of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce by the board of directors to fill the vacancy caused by the recent resignation of Charles E. Robertson, who filled that position during the last three years.

He was nominated by the executive committee, composed of W. O. Foster, president, and R. K. Rambo, R. C. Alston and P. C. Norcross, vice presidents. For the position of secretary, approximately 100 men applied and the committee also had under consideration many men who were not applicants.

Mr. Barker was not an applicant and his election came as a complete surprise. When informed of the election he said that he was honored in being chosen secretary, because "Atlanta has the biggest future of any southern city. He has a wife and daughter, Margaret, will make their homes here and he will enter office on February 1.

President Foster following the election said: "We have found the man we were looking for. A former Atlantan man, who during his residence here was emphatic for civic spirit and enterprise, he understands the local situation; a hustler, who throughout a long career as a railroad executive has been active and influential in industrial expansion work throughout the state; a worker whose ability is augmented by an enthusiasm that will mean great things for the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce."

Mr. Barker, who is an Alabamian by birth, entered railroad service when a youth at Rome, Ga. In 1904 he came to Atlanta as commercial and industrial agent for the Southern road, and held that capacity when he went to Gainesville in 1915. For the last three years he has been president of the Gainesville Chamber of Commerce and is said to be responsible for bringing eight new industries there.

No changes in the personnel of the local chamber's staff will be made until the installation on February 1 of the new secretary.

He has one son, William R. Barker, a senior at Georgia Tech, and another son, B. S. Barker, Jr., who graduated from the same school five years ago and who is engaged in business at New Orleans.

W. W. Gaines Names Standing Committees Of Education Board

W. W. Gaines, president of the board of education Wednesday announced his appointment of the standing committees for the year. The committees are as follows:

Finance and buildings, Commissioner W. L. McCalley, chairman; Commissioners A. C. Meixell and J. C. Murphy.

Schools and teachers, Commissioner Carl Hutcheson, chairman; Mayor Key, Commissioner Murphy.

Educational research and vocational guidance, Mrs. Julia O'Keefe Nelson, chairman; Commissioner Meixell, Superintendent W. A. Sutton.

Insurance, Commissioner Meixell, chairman; Mrs. Nelson, Business Manager McCullough.

WIRE DOOR MAT PLANT MAY BE BUILT HERE

Correspondence relative to bringing to Atlanta a wire doormat factory, two large battery companies, a casualty company and several automobile companies is being carried on by those organizations and the chamber of commerce, according to Frank Weiden, acting assistant secretary of the local chamber. The names of those organizations will not be made public until definite action is taken.

It was also announced that interest is being taken in the Tugalo development of the Georgia Railway and Power company by people from every section of the country, and that many Massachusetts school children are writing the local chamber for information about Georgia.

Cities Service Expert Optimistic Over '22 Prospects

Milan R. Rump, president of the National Electric Light association, and chief engineer of Cities Service company, in reviewing the central station industry of the United States for the past year and commenting on the outlook for 1922, said:

"The electric light and power industry has come through the trying conditions of 1921 with a remarkable record of progress towards readjustment. While in certain industrial centers demands for lower service fell off materially in the early part of the year it is noteworthy that in almost every instance these losses were overcome before the end of the year."

A large portion of the gains are, of course, attributed to the resumption of the industries previously served, but there has also been a marked gain in new customers. Domestic consumption continues to show gains and the field for electricity operated household appliances is constantly expanding.

"The change in the investment markets in the later months of the year has had a most beneficial effect upon the electric utility industry, which regulated utilities can afford to pay for the first time in several years. The result is that a general program of expansion is now under way and I am confident that 1922 will break all previous records for development of plants and systems."

"The industry is not overbuilt for the war and the subsequent reconstruction periods without an important feature has increased the standing of their securities as investments immeasurably. The coming year will be marked by many new and important bond issues to finance improvements, but a very large portion of the new funds needed will come from the sale of junior securities to the customers of the various local companies."

"The industry is not overbuilt for even present conditions, which means that it must expand enormously to be prepared for the increased business which the gradual though unmistakable return towards normal industrial growth will demand of it. The electrical industry is progressing and in my opinion will prove a banner year from every viewpoint, because the vision of the leaders of the industry is such as to lead it both wisely and aggressively."

EXPERTS TO TELL AD MEN OF VALUE OF NEOSHO PLAN

The Neosho plan, which benefits farmers, mechanics, jobbers and manufacturers, will be discussed at the first 1922 luncheon of the Advertising Club of Atlanta, to be held Thursday, at 12:30 o'clock, in the breakfast room of the Kimball.

Of special interest to Atlanta—particularly her manufacturers and jobbers—is the "Hub City" idea, which aims to stimulate business among the merchants of the smaller cities and towns in the trade area of this city. This phase of the Neosho club idea will be discussed by A. W. McKend, director of extension of the community advertising department, A. A. C. of W. Mr. McKend will tell of its application in Terre Haute, Ind., and adjacent towns.

Paul Harber, editor of The Commerce Observer, will present a general survey of the actual results obtained from a Neosho sales day in Commerce, Ga., and visiting officers of the Georgia Neosho Plan clubs will be called on to tell briefly of their experiences.

A plan of action suggested for the Atlanta clubs, of the manner in which the committee hopes to assist in further organization of Georgia towns, will be outlined by Bill Milburn, chairman of the Neosho committee.

SOUTHERN WAR HEROES REACH ATLANTA TODAY

Services will be held Thursday morning at 8:15 o'clock at the Terminal station where the bodies of seven southern heroes of the world war will arrive for distribution to their various homes. Chaplain John Randolph, of Fort McPherson, will officiate and will be assisted by local patriotic organizations. The bodies were expected to arrive Wednesday.

REVISION IS URGED IN TEXT BOOK PRICES

Charles D. Barker, of the Barker-Payne Audit company, of Atlanta, prominent in business circles, thinks a revision is needed in the matter of the prices charged for books in the public schools of Atlanta.

He calls attention to the fact that the advertised price of these books is as follows: Baldwin's Robinson Crusoe, 30 cents; Carpenter: Around the World with the Children, 62 cents; Holton-Curry Third Reader, 35 cents; Wentworth-Smith Arithmetic, 80 cents.

Mr. Barker has written a formal letter to the city authorities explaining that he does so not on his own account, but in behalf of the thousands who are less able to bear the extra burden, of which he says:

"The list, as furnished, totals \$147, while I paid \$232, as evidenced by the bill—an average advance of 62 per cent. The explanation to me was that the contract between the city council and the publishers having expired on December 31, the list, or catalog, price prevailed."

"As far as I personally am concerned the transaction is closed, but there are hundreds, probably thousands, of families of the city who have been hit by this advance. Many of them cannot well afford the few extra cents which the advance costs them."

"My purpose in writing you is to ask that this matter be brought before the city council. The adoption of textbooks by the schools of this city means something to the publishers interested. They should be treated well, and expected to guarantee prices throughout the school year. However, it would appear that the Atlanta bookellers are the ones who are being 'squeezed' in this instance, of the lapse in contrast as they are selling the stock which they have on hand."

Supreme Court of Georgia

Judgments Affirmed. Whitaker et al. v. City of Franklin et al.; From Heard superior court—Judge Terrell. Whitaker & Moore, for plaintiffs in error. Frank S. Loftin, Hall & Jones, contra.

Sanders v. Chandler et al.; From Banks superior court—Judge Fortson. G. P. Martin, J. B. Barker, in affirm. Harris & Harris, for plaintiffs in error. R. A. Denny, attorney-general; E. S. Taylor, solicitor-general; Graham Wright, P. Kelly, contra.

Jones v. Hubbell, executor; From Bibb superior court—Judge Jones. R. W. McCoy, J. D. Hughes, for plaintiffs in error. Walter DeFors, James C. Estes, contra.

Judgment Reversed. Bibb County v. Williams; From Macon city court—Judge Gann. Walter DeFors, John R. L. Smith, Grady C. Harris, for plaintiffs in error. A. S. Thurman, Hall, Grice & Bloch, contra.

Transferred to Court of Appeals. Edwards et al. v. McNair & Sellers; From Grady.

R. M. FLOYD RE-ELECTED CITY HALL CUSTODIAN

R. M. Floyd, custodian at city hall, was re-elected for a two-year term by the council committee on public buildings and grounds at a meeting Wednesday afternoon. The committee also adopted a recommendation that more be appropriated to paint the interior of the city hall, but this was turned down by the finance committee.

Don't endure those ugly skin blemishes when RESINOL. Soothing and Healing. Clears away blotches easily and at little cost. Have a healthy skin that everyone admires. Keep a jar on hand.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.



Sale of New Sweaters Extremely Low Prices

Every sweater is new and fresh, just from the mills. Most attractive novelties—Tuxedo and coat models in all the pretty colors and black.

The prices seem absurdly low, but the values are not exaggerated—in fact, some were made to sell at higher prices than we name.

A sweater for every informal occasion is the thing nowadays. At such prices it is a real opportunity to secure several at the price of one!

Sweaters at \$3.45 Values Included Up to \$8.95

Light, medium and some heavy weights. Lots of models suitable for spring wear. Pretty drop-stitch, light weaves. Black, brown, navy, buff, peacock and many other shades.

Two-tone effects in many pretty combinations. Tuxedo models, brush wool trimmings on some, belts and pockets. Attractive sports models.

Sweaters at \$5.95 Including Values Up to \$22.50

Beautiful models in all brush wool. Strikingly handsome sweaters in novelties and color combinations. Tuxedo models and the new smart little coat styles. Blacks, black and white, stunning high colors of henna, Copenhagen, blue and many others.

No end of pretty, unusual designs.

The White Sale Continues to Offer The Best of Values in the Muslin Underwear World

High neck, long sleeve gowns of a good grade muslin; yoke models with tucks and embroidery... 95c

Low neck, short sleeve gowns, slip-over tailored or lace trimmed models... 95c

Envelope Chemises, good quality of nainsook, tailored model... 95c

Envelope Chemises in a very pretty quality of nainsook, lace and embroidery trimmed, built-up or camisolé tops... \$1.95

Gowns of pretty nainsook, lace trimmed, sleeveless and empire models. Also pink batiste, lace trimmed gowns... \$1.95

Gowns of a beautiful quality nainsook, elaborately trimmed in lace, medallions, embroidery and ribbons... \$2.95

Camisoles—at a price. Satin, crepe de chine and pussy willow camisoles in pink, lace trimmed and tailored models, \$1.95 at regular price... 95c

Underwear for Infants and Children A Clearance Sale

Prices 1/2 and Much Less

Infants' Flannel Skirts

Long and short skirts—feather-stitched and shell stitched. \$1.75 Values are reduced to... 59c

Infants' Shirts

Fine lisle and light-weight cotton—slightly soiled or mussed from handling. Shirts up to 85c, all at... 10c

Infants' Shirts—Half Price

A small lot fine shirts of silk and wool, cotton and wool and heavy all-cotton. \$1.50 silk and wool shirts... 75c \$1.00 cotton and wool shirts... 50c 75c cotton and wool shirts... 38c

Children's Sleeping Garments, Sizes 2 to 14

Outing gowns—sleeping drawers—pajamas. All of good grade outing—white ground with stripes in pink or blue. \$1.98 Garments reduced to... 89c

Children's Knit Drawers

Sizes 6 to 14

Drawers of knee or ankle length, in light or medium weight cotton. Also cotton and wool mixed weave.

\$1.00 and \$1.50 Drawers at - - 29c

Quality First and Last and—An Honest Price For It

There are two factors in every transaction between buyer and seller—"How good is it?" and "How much does it cost?"

And these two questions define two markets that are wide apart and are opposite. They are called "Quality" and "Price."

Taking it for granted that the manufacturer and retail dealers are honest, all other things being equal—Quality cannot be sold on a competitive basis, just as it is impossible to sell the "price" of an article on a quality basis.

Therefore a merchant can build his business either upon a quality or price basis. In our business we build upon Quality and merited confidence.

Here you will find Quality First and Last and—An Honest Price.

Write for twenty-seventh annual catalogue.

MAIER & BERKELE, Inc.

Gold and Silversmiths, 31 Whitehall Street, Established 1887

GIFTS THAT LAST

What Are You to Your Business?

DURING the past year what would have happened to your business if you had suddenly been taken away?

You probably have spent many sleepless nights thinking how you could avert losses that would have meant disaster to your company. Wouldn't it be a fine idea to have a LIFE INSURANCE POLICY PAYABLE TO YOUR COMPANY? This would insure your associates against financial worries in the event of your sudden death.

We have seen instances where businesses were saved from bankruptcy by reason of insurance. AND WE WOULD SUGGEST THAT YOU PROFIT BY THESE EXPERIENCES.

Citizens & Southern Bank

ATLANTA—Marietta at Forsyth

SAVANNAH

MACON

AUGUSTA

Resources Fifty Million Dollars

against the issuance and abuse of injunction processes in labor disputes, declared President Quinn. "It is all wrong to use injunctions to prevent the entirely proper and legitimate action of labor organizations in their struggle for industrial betterment, or under the guise of protecting property rights to invade the fundamental rights of the individual."

statute books a law that will clearly define the use of the injunction in labor disputes. Such a law was introduced at the last session of the legislature. The bill is still on the calendar and will come up at the next session of the legislature.

Unemployment Question Serious.

"The question of unemployment has been given considerable thought by various committees in our city. The subject is a serious one, and no doubt the committees have done excellent work in their studies of the problem."

No local committee or any committee from this body has the power to create jobs that will entirely eliminate the unemployment of our people. This power is in the hands of our government and the public. I would urge that the influence of this federation be brought to bear on the state, county and city legislatures so that all work planned be started at an early date and new work much needed be planned.

**ANCIENT BOOKS
ON COOKING ART**

OFFERED FOR SALE

New York, January 11.—Sonnets in marmalades, symphonies in fragile pastries and poetry in home-made wines—offerings on the shrine of the epicures of a bygone age—were offered for sale in a collection of ancient cook books here today. Most of the books were printed long before the American revolution, in days when a salad was worthy of profound consideration, and all bore testimony that cooks, like poets, were born, and not

Some of the recipes in the books were written by solemn authorities among whom were Sir John Evelyn and Sir Kenel M. Digby, surnamed in that period "eminently learned." One detailed the "sure way to gaining the respect and love of a servant," while another reached an exalted plane by devoting a long chapter to "the whole duty of woman—an infallible guide to their conduct and behavior through all ages and circumstances of life."

NESS COLLEGE
WORK AT \$135.
ENROLLING DAILY





Photo by Wesley Blushburg.
A. C. Briscoe, President Southern
Shorthand and Business University.

Business education is a necessity. Get it now, and get it in the right school. Ask Atlanta's business men to recommend the right school and you'll then enter the Southern Day and night classes.

Address A. C. Briscoe, Pres., or L. V. Arnold, Vice Pres., Atlanta, Ga.

—(adv.)



...ices, N. Y.

Wanted

...ulating-Recording Company
...es offices in the United States
... principal cities of the world.
... must be men of high char-
... who have had experience in
... bookkeeping.

...products; men who by their
themselves capable of earning
ones selected will receive
our Salesmen's Training
the field.

...ate on a liberal commission
need commissions on all ma-
territories, the opportunities
unlimited.

...ring full particulars of past
ents, age, references, etc. All
identially. Personal inter-
...Address, all communica-

Company

Side Talks by Ruth Cameron

A WISE WOMAN

A dear old friend of mine is about to enter an old folk's home.

She is to have a pleasant room, she is to go back to the town where she was brought up and where several of her oldest friends still live, and she is to be freed from the struggle to make both ends meet by her work, a task which rising prices, hard times, and her own lessening strength made a losing struggle.

And I am thankful to add that she is very happy over it.

Her attitude makes me admire that woman even more than I always have, and that is saying a good deal.

Not one atom of false pride.

She comes from a fine family. I doubt if one of them ever went to an old folks home before, but she has not one atom of false pride.

She knows she has done her share of the world's work, that she has never faltered before hard work or work of any sort that she was able to do. She knows that as a girl she gave many of the productive years of her life to taking care of an invalid mother. Had she worked at any other work as hard and stunted herself as strictly, as she did in those years she might have saved enough money so that she would not have had to go into the old folks home. But she did her duty then and the world owes her care now.

Taking What Belongs to Her.

She is not accepting charity (of course, the home is not wholly supported by what those who enter turn

over to it), she is merely taking what is her right—help from others just as she gave help to others.

I heard of a case the other day of a woman who could not get a job in her regular line of work and who, rather than take a housework job (which she was perfectly able to handle), let her mother go to the almshouse. That's the opposite of this state of mind. That woman had every reason to be ashamed, far more than if she had taken a housework position.

I have always claimed that I should not be ashamed to go to the poorhouse provided that I had not been afraid to do my duty to those who needed my help, had worked hard, and saved what I should. Then if some misfortune landed me in the poorhouse I should not blame myself, and hence would not need to be ashamed.

We Can't Always Predict.

I do not say I should like it, and perhaps if it happened I should feel shame, too. Our feelings are not always governed by reason. But I don't think I would have any reason.

And I don't think anyone who accepts help in time of need ought to feel any sense of shame provided that when they were able they had done their duty to help themselves. In fact, I think there are times when it is very wrong not to accept help and to accept it cheerfully.

Tomorrow—Can Jealousy Exist Without Love?

Chicken Dinner Served Friday

The Ladies' Aid of St. Philip's cathedral will serve a chicken dinner at their luncheon, 16 Washington street, Friday, January 13, from 12 to 2:30. Menu: Baked chicken, cranberry sauce; brown dressing, cream gravy, lettuce salad, hot biscuit, tea or coffee, grapefruit. Price, 25 cents for dinner and dessert. Menus changed daily. Public cordially invited.

PROPERTY OWNERS OF CAMP GORDON TO MEET TONIGHT

Camp Gordon property owners will meet tonight at 7:30 o'clock in the chamber of commerce assembly hall for a discussion of plans to make the old army site a thriving community through co-operative efforts and to hear the reports of a committee recently appointed to confer with the organizations and individuals interested in the situation.

The committee, which is composed of Judge E. C. Carson, chairman; H. C. Bagley, T. S. Sawtell, Allen H. C. Bagley, J. H. Hughes, is expected to report on an interview held with the officials of the Georgia Railway and Power company, relative to the continuing of the line from Camp Gordon to the camp, and on interviews with J. B. McCraw and the Home company, who own the waterworks, plumbing and wiring systems of the camp.

NATIONAL "DRY" AMENDMENT WILL BE CELEBRATED

The second anniversary of the national constitutional amendment outlawing whisky in the United States will be celebrated with a big rally next Sunday afternoon at the Wesley Memorial church. The constitutional amendment went into effect on January 16, but it has been decided to hold the jubilee on January 15, which is Sunday.

The exercises will take place at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and churches, temperance societies, patriotic organizations will participate. Addresses and splendid music will feature the occasion.

Dr. C. O. Jones, superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of Georgia, will review the history of the fight to drive out liquor. W. A. Sutton, superintendent of schools, will deliver an address on the Benefit to Future Citizenship of the eighteenth amendment. Judge T. O. Hathcock, of the municipal court, also will speak.

A. C. Boatman, of the Wesley Memorial church, will be in charge of the chorus singing, and Mrs. A. B. Cumy, of Cartersville, will render a number of solos.

Plan Development Of Southern Baptist Tuberculosis Work

The Baptist Home Mission board will pay particular attention this year to the development of the Southern Tuberculosis sanitarium at El Paso, Texas, it was announced Wednesday following a series of conferences held in Atlanta by members of the board and Dr. H. F. Vermillion, superintendent of the sanitarium.

Dr. B. D. Gray, corresponding secretary of the board, said the sanitarium is now about half completed. Baptists throughout the South will be asked to aid the institution.

MONTHS OF SUFFERING

How a Baltimore Girl Recovered Her Health

Baltimore, Maryland.—"For several months I suffered with severe backache and general weakness. I could not sleep comfortably at night for pains in my back. I found your book at home one day and after reading it began at once to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I have had very good results and some of my girl friends are taking it now. You may use this letter to help other girls, as the letters in your book helped me."

—ROSE WARDNER, 3018 Roseland Place, Baltimore, Md.

That is the thought so often expressed in letters recommending Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. These women know that they have suffered, they describe their symptoms and state how they were finally made well.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a medicine made from medicinal roots and herbs, and without drugs, to relieve the sickness women so often have, which is indicated by backache, weak feelings, nervousness, and no ambition to get anything done or to go anywhere. It has helped many women. Why not try it?

Caruso Memorial Program Is Planned By Federated Music Clubs of Georgia



Photo by Price.

Members of executive board, State Federation of Music Clubs, which held session in Atlanta Wednesday. Left to right, standing: Mrs. T. R. Lane, of Macon; Mrs. T. J. Durrett, of Cordele; Miss Nan Stephens, of Atlanta, president of the South Atlantic district, Federation of Music Clubs; Miss Evelyn Jackson, of Atlanta; Mrs. Charles Downman, of Atlanta; Miss Ella Neal, of Cartersville; seated, Mrs. F. G. Bailey, of Savannah; and Mrs. F. E. Vassiere, of Rome, state president of the Georgia Federation of Music Clubs.

A Caruso memorial program by every music club in Georgia was pledged yesterday by the executive board, Georgia Federation of Music Clubs, at its meeting in Atlanta.

The morning session was held at Steinway hall, Phillips & Crew's. The meeting adjourned at 1 p. m. for luncheon with Miss Nan Stephens, president South Atlantic District Federation, which is the southeastern section of the national body, and the afternoon business session was also held at Miss Stephens' home.

At 5 o'clock the board members were the guests of Miss Evelyn Jackson, junior director for the state, at tea at her home.

In the evening, the out-of-town members of the board were the guests of the all-star concert management at the Richmond Hotel, and Mrs. Charles Downman, president of the Atlanta Music Club, invited those who remained in Atlanta to the concert Saturday afternoon.

Another business session will be held Thursday morning at Edison hall.

Prominent Women Present.

The board members present were Mrs. F. E. Vassiere, of Rome, state president; Mrs. F. G. Bailey, of Savannah, first vice president; Mrs. T. R. Lane, of Macon, second vice president; Mrs. T. J. Durrett, of Cordele, National Federation, Mrs. John M.

Lyons, of Fort Worth, Texas. It is a possibility also that Mrs. F. A. Sieberling, of Akron, Ohio, who preceded Mrs. Lyons as the head of national group, may attend.

Features of the state convention will be a program devoted to the work of Georgia composers, and the junior music contest, which is sponsored by the national federation. In addition to the piano and violin contests hitherto conducted, there will be added this year a voice contest.

The district meeting and contest will be held in Miami immediately after the Georgia meeting, when the state women in Georgia will compete with the winners from the other states of the district. The district winners will take part later in a national contest and the award to the national winners will be exceptionally worth while, including not only prizes, but the opportunity for scholarship in the country and concert engagements.

Biennial in Asheville.

Plans are also being formulated by the Georgia board for its part in the entertainment of the biennial of the national federation. This is dated for June, 1923, but since it takes place within the South Atlantic district—in Asheville, N. C.—work is already beginning in order that all the states of this district may make the best showing possible in number

of clubs federated and in program contributions.

A state orchestra was one of the plans suggested in the Georgia board meeting. Groups of musicians, both from the senior and junior clubs would be trained at home in the same directions, and then be brought together for combined rehearsal at the state meeting and then at the biennial.

Mrs. T. J. Durrett, who extended the invitation from Cordele for the state convention, named the three music clubs of her city as the hostesses. They are the Cordele Symphony club, the Symphony club (made up of young ladies), and the Junior Symphony. They are planning combined work in an orchestra.

Among the movements of public interest which were discussed or acted upon at the board meeting it proposed legislation looking to the establishment of the office of state supervisor of music in the schools, and the creation of a sentiment for music credits in the schools; the encouragement in federated clubs of student aid loans, like those being started by the Hilekhan club, of Macon; the extension of Junior work, which has its highest expression in the work of Atlanta Junior Music club, and the encouragement of musical composition by Georgians, with the provision of public opportunity for hearings of these compositions.

Who's Who in the Story.

Jeanne Dare, known in the little Iowa town whence she came as plain Jeanne Dare, has set herself up in New York as a wealthy woman in the hope of snaring a rich husband. In this effort she is making use of Richard Canby, well-known man-about-town. Canby invites Jeanne to a dinner together with her.

Mrs. Adele Parkinson, a widow and former flame of his. At dinner she meets

Vic Barstowe, heir to the reputed millions, who shows signs of infatuation with her.

Signor Bonnicelli, a famous violinist, asks only to serve Jeanne, and she uses him as a drawing card to her tea party.

Adele tells Victor Barstowe's attempt to linger for a tete-a-tete with Jeanne.

As Jeanne is starting for a dinner engagement, Henry Harrison telephones.

He informs Jeanne that he can throw nothing on her worthless land.

Selby North, gossiping, elderly bachelor, tells Jeanne of Barstowe's many flirtations.

Harrison comes to breakfast to arrange for the transfer of property, and meets Adele Parkinson, to whom Jeanne presents him as a business acquaintance.

Adele offers a "market tip" as a means for Jeanne to make some money.

She arranges the party so that she drives to the Forbes in Barstowe's car and Jeanne goes ahead with a man named Barnham.

At the dance that night Jeanne uses her difference to bait Barstowe, succeeds in angering him.

She learns that Vera is a formidable rival, being a lifelong acquaintance much favored by Barstowe's family because of her blue-blooded ancestry.

On her return to town Jeanne is presented with a cheque by Canby as the result of her successful gamble.

Installment No. 24.

WILL YOU BE MY WIFE?

When her telephone rang at 3 that afternoon, Jeanne crossed the room without haste and picked up the instrument as languidly as if she had not been waiting feverishly with cold-stiffened clenched hands.

"Yes!" she drew into the receiver with her pretty upward inflection.

"Yes, Jeanne?"

Her heart, which had seemed to stand still while she awaited the answering voice, began to beat again.

"Yes," she admitted, and kept herself from saying, "Oh! is that you, Mr. Barstowe?" She wanted him to think that he was not the only man who rang her up at 3 o'clock.

"This is Victor Barstowe," he said and waited.

"Oh, yes, Mr. Barstowe," she said coolly. "I received your message

when I got home from the country. So sorry I have missed you."

She purposely made the expression of regret sound the most insincere of conventional phrases.

"Are you busy?" he disconnected her with his abruptness.

"Why—I," she was beginning helplessly.

"That means you're not," he replied brusquely. "I want to see you—badly. Will you let me drop you there for a few minutes right away?"

"Why—I," she was beginning again.

"I'll be there in fifteen minutes," he said and hung up his receiver.

There was something boyishly hurt about him, and Jeanne changed her tactics instantly.

"It is I who should apologize, Mr. Barstowe," she said stolidly. "I was deliberately rude, and I have no excuse except that I must have been more tired than I thought. Nothing but fatigue could account for my being so unreasonable."

He smiled his brilliant smile, and held out a ready hand.

"Friends again?" he queried.

She laid hers into it, and he crushed her slim fingers for a moment before he dropped them. Then he leaned back with a deep-drawn sigh.

"Feel better now," he declared. "I've worried me all day—and all yesterday afternoon, too. At first, I didn't know why I felt so rotten, and then I suddenly woke up to find I was ironing my Lord. I was grouchy yesterday. I felt reckless, too, just as you do when something awfully big and important is about to happen, and you don't care what happens next."

He grinned.

"I almost proposed to Vera Dayton last night, and I wish I had. If that French girl hadn't stuck with us, God bless that girl!" he laughed.

Jeanne made no comment.

"Not for me," he replied promptly. "I want to talk to you for a bit alone—that is, if it is ever possible for a chap to see you alone."

He leaned forward in his chair but Jeanne just as promptly slipped her chair backward.

"You can work just as cleverly with the handicap of an audience."

He drew back frowning.

"Some more of Selby North's gossip, eh?"

"Mr. North seems to be a very well informed man," murmured Jeanne demurely.

"I didn't come here to talk about Selby North," he told her curtly.

Jeanne looked at him, sweetly inquiring.

"For the last half hour, I have been wondering what you did come to talk about."

"Then I'll tell you!"

He rose and crossed the space between them with a single stride.

To Jeanne's amazement, he took her chin in one firm hand and raised her face until her eyes looked into his.

They were darker than she had ever seen them, brilliant, but steadfast.

"Jeanne, I love you! Will you be my wife?"

(Copyright, 1922, for The Constitution.)

"That's an awfully nice war slogan," "So it was. Why?" "Nothing only I don't see why the ladies should have adopted it."—Florida Union.

DRESS

BY ANNE RITTENHOUSE

So Enamored are the Dressmakers of the Short Ruffling Cape at This Season That They Place It on Evening Gowns as a Decoration for the Back.

It is claimed that the small cape of the kind that has a slight fulness from shoulder to waist is an excellent aid to flesh, that is, it conceals it. No woman argues against the theory that concealment is an aid to many where the details of dress are considered of high importance.

This fashion did not become prevalent until last spring in Paris, the metal cape swinging from shoulders like the swagging familiar in a Strauss light opera, and the public just went by and unwisely the flesh is at that given point. Fulness is no worse than tightness and it may be considerably better.

These small capes rule the world of fashion if one judges by the outpouring of them. They are substitutes for top coats by all those who are not afraid of their protective qualities, they are worn in the evening almost to the exclusion of another kind of wrap, they are put as backgrounds to the new spring frocks that go south and return north with an air of freshness as if to say "here we are, brand new, just out of these papers." A neat fit, this, but women are so mentally adjusted that whenever a fashion appears at the exact moment the climate demands it, they are insistent that it has just arrived. It is for such reasons that a clever editor of a women's magazine says it is quite as bad to be in front of the fashion as behind it.

Regardless of the needs of the figure, the short cape is a means of providing a colorful background for a combed gown and just there does it find its place in an evening gown. The fashion for bouffants with high transparent backs gives another excuse for the cape of chiffon, silver lace, plain lace. Two years ago Paul Poiret be-

gan the fashion. His wife wore a ruffled lace cape from a silver lace across the back of her neck and a silver cloth frock which the designer called "The Dollar Dress" taken of the American ornamental France when the armistice was signed. This cape was not removed when Poiret danced, a fact that caused a ripple of interest in that smart set where the details of dress are considered of high importance.

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THE HOUSEHOLD

Edited by Anne Rittenhouse

BUSY FINGERS.

You will still find a widely prevalent sentiment among old-fashioned folk that the really industrious wife is the woman who keeps her hands busy. The young woman who distinguishes as a singer at the hours and hours of practice as may bring in enough money to support her whole family, but the sister is never seen to sit without some of knitting or crocheting or tatting her hands in stocking upon her folk as the one with really industrious habits. The sister who sings is a "talented." Little credit is due her.

And really it is only within recent times that women in most cases have not had to keep their hands busy if they would wish to keep families in a thriving state. It is only by incessant knitting that great grandmothers managed to keep their children in stockings—for were rich enough to have this done for them. The woman who not knit, who sat with idle hands, quite apt to have children with red stockings.

And even before that, before spinning wheels, it was necessary for women generally to spin wool for a staff during almost all their hours that they were not doing some sort of housework. This work was in the least unbecoming occupation. It required very much mental concentration, than knitting was quite as excusable if, housewives gathered to talk and gossip for of the day so long as their fingers were busy spinning as they did just as the woman who did not spin was the woman whose children ragged stockings so the woman did not spin clad her children in and had to do without necessary and cloth for household needs.

Now of course it is seldom necessities of existence that with busy fingers. It is a luxury, a hand-knit sweater or a made handkerchief.

The Constitution Patterns

Evening gown of hortenais-colored satin with silver lace panels. At back is a cape which runs into train of lace, at one side is a huge bow of satin.

dance with Canby, instead of going about it the way you did?

There was something boyishly hurt about him, and Jeanne changed her tactics instantly.

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In ordering patterns write name, address plainly, on a sheet of paper by number and include in silver or stamps. Do not return to The Constitution, but carefully addressed to: Banner term company, 1185-10 Fulton Brooklyn, N. Y.

BEAUTY CHATS

A BEAUTY CHAT FOR MEN

A man wrote me a letter the other day and suggested that a few talks on improving health and personal appearance might be written for men as well as women. "I've got lots of things that I could use," he wrote. "Every time my wife finds a suggestion that she thinks I need she always reads it to me."

So this Chat today is written particularly for masculine readers. Now a common masculine affliction is baldness, which is quite unnecessary if a man only knows how to stop it in time. When the actual roots of the hair die, there is of course no hope of growing new hair over a bald spot. But it can be made large enough to fill the bald spot, and it is not until the bald part of the scalp is as hard and smooth as a piece of polished glass that one should give up hope of growing new hair.

A friend of mine came to me last summer for the Pilocarpine hair tonic. She had it made up and had her husband use it. He was balding, and was rapidly getting bald, and because of this he looked ten years older than his actual age. Shortly after he used the tonic he was balding, and I have not seen him since, but she wrote me yesterday that her husband's hair is much thicker and that new hairs are coming in over the bald places. He had been using the tonic faithfully for several months.

This is only another proof of the goodness of this special tonic which I personally consider to be the very best formula. If the hair is kept thoroughly clean, if it is shampooed with a good soap, if the scalp is massaged and heated, and if your health is really good, your skin will become perfect.

Tomorrow—A Suggestion.

All inquiries addressed to Miss Forbes in care of the "Beauty Chats" department will be answered in these columns in their turn. This requires considerable time, however, owing to the great number received. So if a personal or quicker reply is desired, a stamped and self-addressed envelope must be enclosed with the question.—The Editor.

Miss Mary Rice To Be Hostess.

Miss Mary Rice will entertain the Daughters of the Founders and Patriots of America at her home in West Peachtree street Friday afternoon.

Miss Rice will be assisted by her mother, Mrs. Charles Rice.

The membership of the society is limited to women who descend from an ancestor in the broken name from the settling of America. Miss Rice is an officer of the organization.

FOR NEW CHARTER PLAN OF WATKINS WILL BE DEBATED

The first public debate on the proposed new charter for Atlanta is scheduled to take place tonight at a meeting of the co-operative charter committee to be held at 8 o'clock at the Piedmont hotel. The committee

is composed of representatives from 21 civic and industrial organizations of the city. Each organization has three members on the body.

Councilman Edgar Watkins, author of the revised charter plan, will discuss the league of new bond issue school. The tract is beautifully situated, contains approximately 3.3 acres and was bought for \$18,000.

Deeds were executed to the city Wednesday by A. J. Brownlee and W. E. Templeman, owners of the lot at Virginia avenue and Park drive, purchased by the board of education as the site for one of the new bond issue schools. The tract is beautifully situated, contains approximately 3.3 acres and was bought for \$18,000.

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THE BOYS AND GIRLS NEWSPAPER

Copyright, 1922, Associated Editors. The Biggest Little Paper in the World. Edited by John E. Miller.

ONE REEL YARNS

NORA TELLS A STORY.

"Tell us a story, Nora," begged Anne and Constance, as they leaned against the kitchen table and watched the new maid roll out cookie dough. "I'll bet you know a lot," said Constance. "Can't you tell us an Irish fairy tale?"

"Well, I might," said Nora. "I'll tell you about the fairy shoemaker."

"Do tell it," cried Anne, and Constance seconded her.

"Long ago," began Nora, "there was a fairy ring, and this ring belonged to a fairy shoemaker. The people of the village would bring their old shoes there at night and put them in the fairy ring, which is a sort of little white ring in the grass. They'd put a bowl of milk there, too. And in the morning the milk would be gone and their shoes would be mended up as good as new."

"No one ever saw the shoemaker at work, though sometimes unbelievably folks would hide behind trees at night to watch, but he couldn't be fooled and he never came to mend the shoes those nights. Sometimes people wandering near there late at night would hear the tap-tap of his hammer, or even hear him singing at his work."

"One night he came to the ring, bringing his magic workbench with him, to begin his night's work. He stood in astonishment and vexation. 'What's this in my ring?' he said. 'The work like a giant's boot. How do they expect me to mend them? They're not made of leather anyway—only rubber and cloth. And no shoe maker! Only funny buckles. Whoever heard of such queer shoes? No one would ever wear anything like that. This must be a joke they're pulling up on me. That's a fine way to treat a hardworking fairy shoemaker!' And with that he picked up his workbench and stamped away. And he never came back to the village."

"Nora!" cried Constance. "I believe you're making fun of my new galoshes, or antics, as father calls them."

Nora, with twinkling eyes, ran to take a pan of cookies out of the oven.

TODAY'S PUZZLE.

Take three-fourths of "caravan," three-fifths of "carry," and three-eighths of "counter," arrange the nine letters correctly and get the name of a city of British Columbia.

Answer to "yesterday's": "Barking" is a seldom bite.

Today's Short Story

By GEORGE T. BYE
Illustrated by Arlene Coyle

OH, THESE GIRLS!

Whatever you might want to say, you couldn't say it, because Mr. Jarrold was one of those dynamic young business men who could not listen excepting to himself. So Mr. Hendrickson, the insurance agent, squeezed his thumbs hard in his overcoat pockets and resigned himself to endure, for the rest of the morning street car ride, a discourse by Mr. Jarrold on the way to the business insurance.

But there was a welcome intermission. A pretty girl got on the car and took the seat in front of the two men. Jarrold at once leaned forward and plucked the girl's shoulder.

"If it isn't my little sweetheart," he smiled, raising his eyebrows an inch. "Mr. Hendrickson, Miss Lee, one of the little darlings down at our office—I should say, the little darling so far as I am concerned."

"Glad to meet you," said Mr. Hendrickson nervously, while he looked over his shoulder to see if there was much of an audience. Miss Lee, being only 19, could not disguise her embarrassment.

"Yes," went on Mr. Jarrold, "we have had a devil of a time getting any work out of our young men since Miss Lee came with us."

"Have a heart," begged the girl, smiling thinly as she buttoned and unbuttoned her gloves.

Mr. Jarrold was delighted he had not crushed all the breath out of the little mouse at the first pawing.

"Would you believe it," Mr. Hendrickson, "I tried yesterday to get hold of our order clerk for an hour or more. At last I chanced to walk through the locker room and there he was in a dark talking with little Margaret. Or were you only talking, Maggie? Look me in the eye. Look me in the eye, I say. Were there any rheumatism going on? Look me in the eye. 'Honest injun' now."

But Miss Lee continued to look straight into her lap.

"Yep, in the locker room where it was dark. But I hugged her there once myself, didn't I, Maggie? And she squealed and told me it wasn't right. Maggie, is that the way to talk to the father of two children? Maggie, ain't I going to be your sweetheart any more?"

"I tell you, Mr. Hendrickson, we old-timers haven't much luck with little beauties like Maggie. They want their soft faces boys. But wait until Maggie is a few years older, then I bet she'll let me be her sweetheart and kiss her in the locker room—eh, Maggie? She'll know then that the little boys are all dimbels—and they can only afford about one movie a week. Well, Maggie, whenever you are ready for that big soup-to-nuts dinner, you know where my desk is, Maggie."

The girl stirred in annoyance. "Please don't call me Maggie," she asked, turning her head for an instant.

Mr. Jarrold grinned. He liked to brush this through faded, streaked locks and they become dark, glossy, youthful.

Almost everyone knows that Sage and Sulphur, properly combined, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is messy and troublesome. Nowadays, by asking at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get a large bottle of this famous old recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, at a small cost.

Don't stay gray! Try it! No one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and well massage through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray little disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy and attractive—(adv.)

HOME TALENT PLAYS

Scene: Living room of the Palmer home. The davenport, easy chair, and the grandfather's clock are the center of the scene. A boy or girl concealed behind each of these articles does the speaking. As the scene opens, the room is in half darkness, with only a floor lamp lit.

Davenport (in deep, slow voice): Seems mighty lonesome in here. We're left alone most of the time.

Easy Chair (in smooth, soft tone): That's right. I hate being deserted so much. It didn't use to be this way. Clock (in measured, monotonous tones): It makes me feel pretty badly when I think of the happy family gatherings I have seen in my long life—children who have grown up and formed family circles of their own. A long, long time. A long, long time. Easy Chair: Sometimes Mrs. Palmer sits here a while and sews and reads, but she sets restless and finally goes off to bed. Every night and every night those two are off somewhere.

Davenport: It isn't as if Marjory and Tommy Palmer were two wild young people who liked to run around with rough gangs at night. The trouble is they don't know how to spend a pleasant evening at home. They have to be off to the movies, or off studying with some of their friends, or up in their rooms making something. They see each other only at meal time.

Clock: It wasn't that way in the old days. Easy Chair: I feel sorry for their mother. Since their father is away so much, you'd think her children would try to entertain her. But, no, sir! And she lets them go most of the time, because she is afraid they'll think they're being "held down" at home. She doesn't want to nag at them, and yet she's afraid they'll be hard to manage.

Davenport: I wonder if there isn't something we can do? Easy Chair: I tell you what. We'll try to look just as inviting as we possibly can tonight when they come in here after dinner. I'll look cozy and sink-in-to-able.

Davenport: And I'll be my softest and most tempting to a nap. Clock: And I'll sound as comfortable and home-like as I can. Davenport: And the light is so soft and comfy tonight. It ought to help us out. The only way to get anywhere is to work together, isn't it?

Easy Chair: Sh-h-h. They're coming in now.

(Enter Tommy Palmer. He strolls in and stands by the table a minute, turning the pages of a magazine.) Tommy: Funny Ted hasn't called up. Said he was going to stop for me tonight. Maybe he's expecting me to call him.

(Enter Marjory Palmer.) Marjory: Where are you going, Tommy?

Tommy: I'm going to the movies with Ted. I guess I'll go over to Edna's. She has some new records she wants me to come over to hear.

Marjory: Looks kind of nice in here tonight, doesn't it? Tommy: It isn't a bad room. I always did like this chair. (Sinks into easy chair.) This feels comfy.

Tommy: It's sort of mazy out. Getting colder, too. Guess I won't call Ted. I'm all in, anyway. (Sprawls on davenport.) Clock: Tick-tock. Tick-tock. Easy Chair: Tick-tock. Tick-tock. Marjory: That clock. It's a funny old thing. I remember when I was a little kid and grandfather lived with us. How he liked it! We used to have lots of fun together. By the way, where's mother?

Tommy: Oh, mother! Come on in. Marjory and I want to stay home and visit.

Clock: Tick-tock. Tick-tock. That's right—home—right.

"Why do you always carry your umbrella?" asked the inquisitive boy. "Because it can't walk by itself," answered the old man.

A DOG'S LIFE
GIM-AP
GOSH! I WISH I HAD GOT A HORSE FOR CHRISTMAS

WHAT'S WHAT
By Helen Deele

The quick modern method of "hot-platter dinner" is gaining approval in many households where each dinner is sent in from the kitchen on its own hot plate. But, wherever the older custom of passing dishes still prevails at a family table, the mother and father have the first helping, then the dishes are passed to the juniors. Meat is frequently served alone on the heated plates after the soup plates have been removed from each place. Salad, also, may be in individual dishes, so that it is necessary to pass only the vegetables, the bread and the condiments.

The usual form of request for passing sauce, relishes, seasoning, etc., is, "May I trouble you for the vinegar?" (for instance). But, where everyone at the table pays attention to the wants of everyone else, any such request should be unnecessary, especially on the part of a woman or an invited guest, whose wants should always be anticipated.

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WOMEN WILL MEET THURSDAY TO PLAN MEMBERSHIP DRIVE

Members of the working committee of the membership drive of the women's division of the local chamber of commerce will meet Thursday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock and at the same time Friday for the purpose of planning for the campaign, which will begin on January 16 and last through February 3. Miss Jane Van De Vrede and Miss Laura Smith, president, will make the principal speeches Thursday. Miss Mary J. Mendelhall has been named chairman and Miss Ada Booth, vice chairman, of the membership campaign, which will include 21 teams, each composed of five workers.

Many of the outdoor games which children love can be carried into the home. This means more enjoyment for the children and more leisure for the mother on a rainy day.

A good game for this purpose is "Hopscotch." The children usually mark off the spaces with chalk on the sidewalk. To play it indoors mark off the spaces in the same way on a large piece of plain-colored oilcloth, or the back of an old piece. This can be done with black paint. The sheet can be pinned to the carpet or tacked to the floor with thumb tacks. The game is played in the same way as outdoors. Where oilcloth cannot be obtained, a large sheet of heavy wrapping paper will do.

R. L. RIBLER.
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Not Merely Fixtures--
--But the reflection of your good taste

Well chosen fixtures are as essential to the furnishing of your home as are the rugs, draperies and pictures. They reflect your thought, common-sense and taste.

Then why not make your selection where you have one of the best assortments of high-grade fixtures to choose from? Our stock embraces a wide scope—every style and every kind—from the most pretentious chandelier to the simplest little candle drop.

And if you are uncertain as to the style most suited to your furnishings, our fixture men will be glad to give you the benefit of their knowledge and experience.

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THE WHOLE FAMILY ENJOYS IT



Here's How to Solve the Puzzle—Try It—It's Real Fun

It costs you nothing to take part in this game, and you are not required to send a penny to win a prize unless you want to. Everyone is guaranteed an equal opportunity, and we assure you that you will never have more fun. Arm yourself with a pencil or pen and hunt "S-words." HERE'S HOW: In the picture above you will see a number of visible objects beginning with the letter "S," for instance, "sun," "sack," "shovel," etc. You can be sure nothing is hidden. There is absolutely no trick to this puzzle, and you do not have to use a reading glass to find the objects, turn the picture upside down or twist it side-wise. Fifteen cash prizes as shown below will be awarded for the fifteen best lists of "S-words" sent in. The answer having the largest and nearest correct list of visible objects appearing in the picture beginning with the letter "S," will be awarded first prize, second best, second prize, etc. Don't delay your fun. Start hunting "S-words" today—NOW!

YOU CAN TRY AND IT COSTS NOTHING TO TAKE PART

CASH PRIZE LIST		
Winning Answers Will Receive Prizes As Follows:		
	Prizes given if no subscriptions are sent.	Prizes given if one 6-month subscription is sent.
1. Prize.....	\$500.00	\$1,500.00
2. Prize.....	350.00	1,000.00
3. Prize.....	250.00	750.00
4. Prize.....	150.00	500.00
5. Prize.....	100.00	350.00
6. Prize.....	75.00	250.00
7. Prize.....	50.00	150.00
8. Prize.....	25.00	75.00
9. Prize.....	15.00	35.00
10. Prize.....	10.00	25.00
11. Prize.....	5.00	15.00
12. Prize.....	2.50	7.50
13. Prize.....	1.50	4.50
14. Prize.....	1.00	3.00
15. Prize.....	.50	1.50

YOU HAVE UNTIL JAN. 21 TO MAIL YOUR LIST OF "S-WORDS"

You Can Win \$1,500.00

If your list of "S-words" is awarded FIRST prize by the judges, you will win \$500.00, but if you would like to win more than \$500.00, we are making the following special offer, whereby you can win "BIG CASH PRIZES" by sending in ONE or TWO subscriptions.

HERE'S HOW: If your answer to the "S-Word" Picture Puzzle wins FIRST prize, and you have sent in ONE six-month subscription to The Atlanta Constitution at \$5.00, you will receive \$500.00 instead of only \$50.00; Second prize \$350.00; Third prize, \$250.00, etc. (See second column of figures in prize list).

OR, if your answer wins FIRST prize, and you have sent in TWO six-month subscriptions to The Atlanta Constitution at \$5.00 each, or ONE yearly subscription to The Constitution at \$9.50, you will receive \$1,500.00 in place of only \$50.00; Second prize \$1,000.00; Third prize \$1,000.00, etc. (See third column of figures in prize list).

It takes but TWO six-month subscriptions at \$5.00 each, or ONE yearly subscription at \$9.50 (either new or renewal) to qualify for the big \$1,500.00 prize, or the second and third \$1,000.00 prizes. Absolutely that is all the subscriptions required. You can do this with very little effort. Your own subscription can count.

We can also take subscriptions to start at any future date. Just mark on your order when you want the paper to start, and we will not commence delivery until you say.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Payable in Advance
(By Mail, Carrier, or Agent)
DAILY AND SUNDAY
Six Months\$5.00
DAILY AND SUNDAY
One Year\$9.50

Only subscriptions at the above rates can be accepted to count in the puzzle game.

EXTRA PUZZLE PICTURES FREE ON REQUEST

BIG PRIZE QUALIFYING BLANK

J. L. DECKER, Puzzle Manager,
The Atlanta Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.

Enclosed please find \$..... for The Atlanta Constitution, to qualify my list of "S-words" for the larger booster prizes.

Name Name
Postoffice Postoffice
Street Street

R. F. D. State R. F. D. State

State new or renewal..... State new or renewal.....

THE ABOVE SUBSCRIPTIONS ARE TO BE CREDITED TO—

NOTE: In remitting, use checks, money orders, or bank drafts payable to The Atlanta Constitution. NOT TO BE EXCHANGED.

EQUAL CHANCE TO ALL

Three prominent persons in Atlanta, having no connection with The Constitution will judge the lists of "S-words" submitted, and award the fifteen prizes at the end of the Puzzle Game. This insures every one an equal chance.

We invite those living on R. F. D. routes, in small towns and in the city to take part. Start your answer today.

(Copyright, 1922, The Atlanta Constitution.)

Carter Electric Co., Peachtree St.

The Constitution's Weekly Novel

The Knight of the Lonely Land

BY EVELYN CAMPBELL
(Copyright, 1922, for The Constitution)
Next Week, "Trallin," by Max Brand.

(Continued From Yesterday.)

CHAPTER IX.

The Double-Crosser.

Jack was in the corral when Billie rode up. Nothing was said until Widow Green's wants had been attended to and the two men returned to the bunk house. Then Billie told briefly of the loss of the cattle, sparing all mention of Little Britches except the part of her confession that intimately associated her with the deed. He knew that this information would go no further, but Jack had a right to know.

Jack was getting breakfast deftly and rapidly. Both knew that for the work in hand they needed alert bodies, full of swift blood, and for this food was the first requisite. Billie was cleaning two brace of six-guns. So far no mention had been made of Geraldine Hoyt's departure, but now he said quietly:

"Who was the man who came here yesterday?"

"You know him. It was Norman Hoyt. Little Britches was with him."

"I didn't know that. What happened?"

Jack's version was what he had learned from Jarow and Mrs. Moffatt, and in the midst of it Jarow entered the bunk house.

"By the way, Jarow, didn't you say Norm Hoyt was sorta tied up somewhere?" Jack asked.

"Mr. Norman's Jack was in hand-ages," Jarow explained stiffly. "I couldn't 'elp 'er on with 'er wraps. 'Is right' and was useless."

The eyes of his listeners met. For three weeks a man with a wounded right hand had been the object of a secret search. Jarow, knowing nothing of the clue put in their hands, rambled on in the hope of family he had served, until presently they turned him out, for there were matters to be spoken of which concerned themselves alone. It was Jack who held out for help from the Circle O.

"This ain't no two-man job. There's no use stickin' your whole arm in the fire because your finger gets burnt. Anyways, the Patten boys got a right to be in on the fun, same as we have. They got some dogies over there first, an' maybe we'll run on them along with our work."

"I want to meet them folks single-handed," said Billie.

"You said it—single-handed. After all, that's what the best man in the world is—just a single hand. What chance would you have to get them dogies out—an' we got to get 'em, Billie. Layin' all mad aside, 'Talk sense an' reason. We'll ride by Circle O this mornin'." It ain't more'n a few miles out our way an' we'll have plenty of time."

When Billie consented to this, the two made hasty preparations. Jarow was given directions for the care of the ranch, and by the middle of the morning Billie and Jack were on their way.

"I'll fare hard with the little gal if folks catch her red-handed," Jack predicted. "Charley Patten of the Circle O ain't the man to consider."

sect when he's losin' his stock in bunches."

"They mustn't know all that we know," warned Billie sternly. "She won't cut any more fences after the gang's broke up, an' the boys'll be too entertained gettin' even for Milt Holley's shootin' to think about her."

Three miles from the Circle O they fell in with Patten and his outfit, picking up stragglers after the storm, and Billie's story was received with unqualified excitement and interest. It was decided to send one man to Cat Fork to notify Cooper of what they proposed so that he might make a quick detour and meet them on the other side. No one imagined that Campbell would permit a search of his premises to be made without protest, or that it would be easy to connect Norman Hoyt's injured hand with the mysterious shooting at Cat Fork, but the hazardous nature of the expedition only increased its desirability, and there were some disappointed faces left at the Circle O ranch when the chosen ones rode away.

They found what they were looking for long before they reached the mouth of the Pass. Here and there the snow was trampled by the passing of hoofs, and the men, urging their horses, knew that they would soon find the slower traveling cattle. They were surprised to discover that the trail, skirting Camberwell's by a wide margin, led away into the mountains beyond the ranch. There was nothing to connect the rancher with the missing cattle.

The day was darkening when they rode over the trackless knoll of a bare hill. In the shadowy valley far below they caught a flash of white; then a spot of color. And the missing cattle were there.

"I swan," Jack whispered, "there's a hoss down there. See the devil tartin' around like all possessed, tryin' to stir up trouble. That's ol' B. Dam. They've caught him in with the bunch."

"Using every caution against surprise, they began the descent, which must be slow. They could not guess how many men were with the rustlers, and in their exposed position they formed an easy target. Jack rode close to Billie's side and whispered:

"She's down there, too."

Billie's lips were set in a grim line. "I know it. I saw her workin' with that sorrel horse."

The valley was a miniature place. When they reached its decline they could see the campfire of the rustlers and two or three figures lounging around it. Billie and Patten took the lead and with their men close behind them rode rapidly into the midst of men and cattle before their presence was suspected.

"We've come after our stock, friends," Billie called quietly, and the men around the fire sprang up in amazed consternation.

It was a complete surprise, but there was no triumph in Billie's chest as he looked at the captives who surrend. He recognized only one, the man he had traded horses with in Cat Fork; the others were strangers. The cattle, disturbed by the rush of horses and voices of the men, began to circle restlessly, and Patten's men moved out to bring them in. Markham, the horse-trace victim, was cursing bitterly.

"There's been some double-crossin' done here," he said. "Somebody's passed the buck and I'm it. I got an idea."

"It ain't worth while to have none," drawled Patten. "You played a fool game, if you ask me, a two-year-old baby could fooler the tracks you left."

But Markham still looked bewildered. It was evident that somewhere their plans had miscarried. Billie did not know that if everything had worked out well, he would be lying near the entrance of the Pass with a bullet stopping him for all time. It was decided, to remain in the valley until morning. They were reasonably safe there, for Camberwell would hardly dare come out in the open and fight for possession of the stolen cattle, even if he learned of their recapture. The ranchmen understood now how Camberwell worked. He lent the aid of his own men in running off stock, but he never allowed the stolen goods

THE GUMPS—BEWARE OF SHARKS



to remain on his land. The result of their raids was handed over to unidentified men who quickly got them out of the country. It was by a mere chance that Markham, who belonged to the Camberwell outfit, was caught red-handed tonight.

There was a movement out beyond the radius of the fire. Two of the Circle O men came riding in, and between them was another horse and rider, lagging and silent, at sight of whom Billie Stranger's heart gave a quick bound; then sank.

"It's Little Britches," one of the newcomers explained to his boss. "We found her out yonder snoplin' around among the hosses. She had the sorrel boss roped to a tree."

Billie and Jack believed that they alone knew of her presence in the valley, but now they saw that every one had known it. Patten sent an angry look toward his men who had been too officious.

"Well, bring her in," he commanded harshly.

Her horse stopped in the outer ring of darkness. She sat limply in the saddle, her chin sunken.

"I'm here, Patten," she said, simply.

The owner of the Circle O tried to look as fierce as the reputation men had given him.

"So you've turned rustler, Britches," he said, scowling at her.

"Don't bull-dog her none, Patten."

Billie interrupted with a warning note. He had gone forward at her approach, and now he stood a little in advance of Patten and as though he would shield her.

"I'm not aimin' to," Patten answered shortly. "Her old man is who I'm after. I reckon it ain't no harm to ask her which way he's gone."

"It ain't none of your business, Patten," the girl said unexpectedly. "The old man didn't make me do nothin'—he couldn't. What I done I'm willin' to stand for."

"The state of Wyoming don't favor law-punishin' for wimmen," said Patten, solemnly. "Leastways, not girls under eighteen. I don't want to hear no talk like that from you. But I'm goin' after your old man, Britches."

The repeated threat shook her apathy, there was a ring of the old defiance in her voice.

"I tell you it was me; me an' these coyotes you've already got. Ain't that enough for you? Your cattle are gone, Patten, an' you won't never get 'em back. But Billie's here and I'm glad—glad of that. I helped these boys to run 'em off and I'm willin' to pay, but you won't touch the old man."

There was a stir in the group by the fire as they saw what she was saying.

"So you're the double-crosser I

thought you was," Markham yelled, and snatched a gun from another man's holster.

He fired just as the little roan horse reared and the bullet went into what might have been Little Britches' heart, but which was the spot just behind the roan's silky ear. Patten went over to Markham who already had a larriat' wrapped too tightly around him for comfort.

"It's a good thing you're tied up," he said. "I wouldn't trust myself none with you if I could get to you."

Little Britches sat by the fire, her arms clasping her knees. She had refused food and drink and blankets. Billie came and sat beside her; she shrank so faintly from contact with him that he did not notice.

"Why didn't you light out like you promised me, Britches?" he said in a low voice. "You know we can't set by an' see you pay for what somebody put you up to."

She gave him a wan smile.

"Nobody put anything over on me. It looks like I'm the double-crosser, just as he said—and I've paid, Billie. Bein' strung up or sent to prison ain't much besides havin' this burnin' ache in your heart like I've got."

After a while she continued: "I been thinkin' about that girl Geraldine. I guess I acted yellow about that like everything else. She never

done a thing to me, but I couldn't think up nothin' mean enough to do to her. Just killin' her didn't satisfy me. I sent her to Camberwell's."

He started. "But she's safe with her uncle. He's had, but she's safe enough with him."

She laughed shortly. "Nobody's safe at Camberwell's unless they're rapid with a six-gun. Me, they don't trouble none after right at first, but her— I don't feel like I did, Billie. I'm sorta tired an' sick of hatin' 'em. I don't hate her any more. I wish you'd go an' get her away from there, Billie. Hoyt's her uncle, but that wouldn't count if Camberwell set an eye on her. An' that woman's a devil, too."

Geraldine in danger and he sitting here, concerned over a few cows and the capture of a rustler!

"I'm goin', Britches," he said, "but I won't leave you. You've got to get away first."

Her eyes filled with slow tears. "That coyote got my horse," she said.

"There's other horses; take one. I'll make it good," Billie urged. "This is your chance. Slip away. Nobody's lookin'."

She lifted her face, faintly outlined in the shadow.

"Goodbye, Billie."

He waited a long while, but there was no sound of confusion among the horses bunched together, fifty yards away. The men slept, rolled in their blankets, and one who stood watch sat with his back to a tree beyond the fire.

"All out!"

Every man was on his feet. The

warning cry came from the guard, who rushed excitedly among them.

"What is it?" Patten growled. "What's comin'?"

The valley rang with the clash of hoofs, echoed from the granite hills. But they were going farther and farther away, and the dying rhythm told the listeners that the sound was made by a single horse.

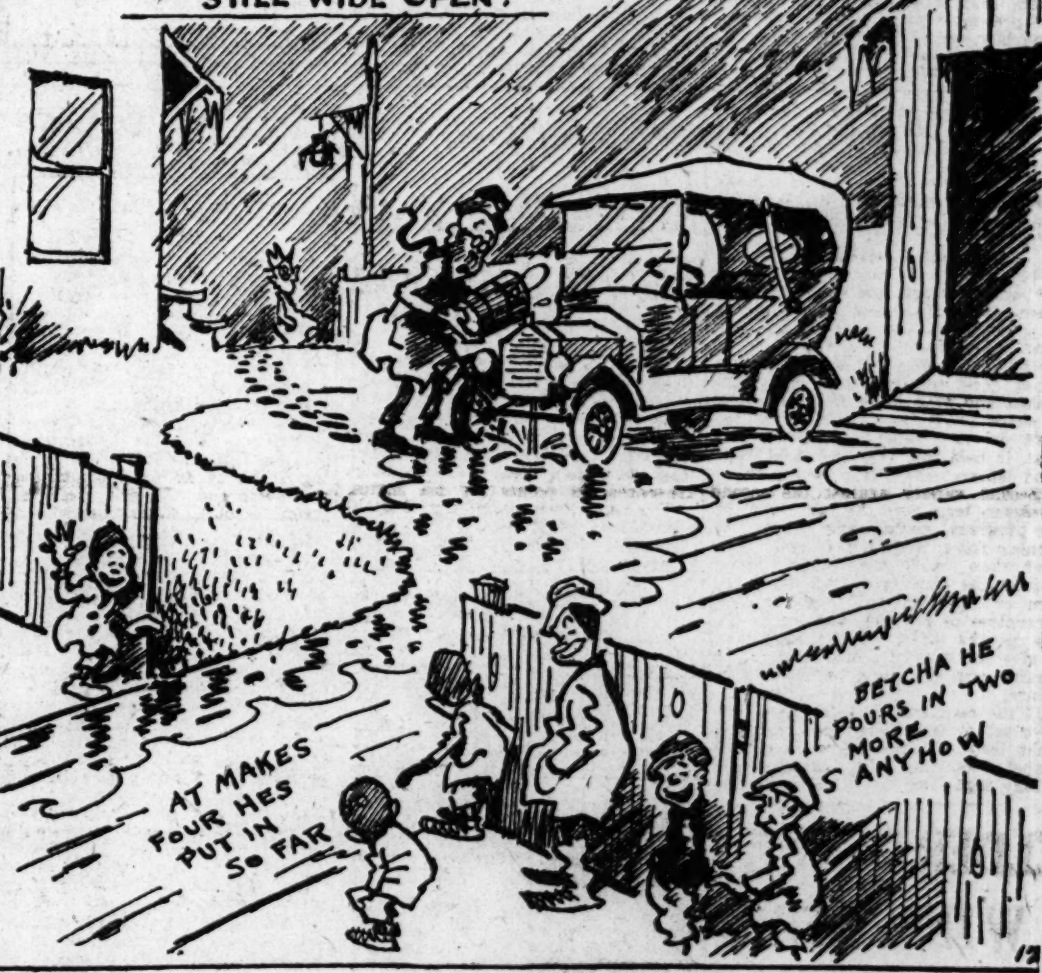
"Look yonder!" somebody cried.

On the crest of the trail that led outside the moonlight rested for a moment, and into this white radiance a horse climbed with swinging strides as though his bold spirit would have climbed to the stars. Little Britches riding I B Dam! In a moment they had disappeared and were going down the other side.

(Continued Tomorrow.)

THE ABSENT-MINDED PROFESSOR

THE PROFESSOR OFTEN DRAINS THE RADIATOR ON COLD NIGHTS AND THE NEXT MORNING USUALLY POURS IN A DOZEN BUCKETS TRYING TO FILL IT UP AGAIN WITH THE DRAIN COCK STILL WIDE OPEN!



"THAT LITTLE GAME" By B. Link



PAST AND PRESENT



JUST NUTS



WINNIE WINKLE, THE BREADWINNER And the Villain Still Pursues Her



HOW TO START THE DAY WRONG By Brigg



POST COMPANY NAMES OFFICERS

At the annual stockholders' meeting of the Atlanta Trust company, held Wednesday afternoon, A. J. Orme, Dr. Michael Hoke and C. V. Truitt were elected to the board of trustees. Mr. Orme was also chosen by the stockholders as vice president of the bank.

The re-elected officers of the bank are as follows:

Eugene R. Black, president; Snowden McCaughy, vice president; John B. Wheat, secretary and trust officer; H. W. Winter, assistant treasurer; T. M. Armistead, Jr., assistant treasurer; H. O. Reeve, manager of the farm loan department; Spaulding, McDonald & Sibley, general counsel, and Robert P. Jones, attorney.

Trustees of Company.

The trustees, including the three newly-elected members, are as follows:

Ivan E. Allen, C. H. Black, Eugene R. Black, Arnold Broyles, E. Phinizy Elkhorn, Claude Douthett, C. L. Elyea, E. S. Elderidge, A. J. Orme, Dr. Michael Hoke, C. V. Truitt, Samuel N. Evans, R. L. Foreman, J. M. B. Hoxsey, Robert P. Jones, R. T. Jones, M. C. King, George W. Little, George S. Lowndes, John Morris, Snowden McCaughy, W. W. Orr, Billups Phinizy, J. Russell Porter and G. F. Willis.

With the election of Mr. Orme to the vice presidency of the trust company, the legal profession in Atlanta will lose one of its best-known and most popular members. Mr. Orme, who will be active in the affairs of the bank, will give up a successful practice, which has extended over a number of years.

In addition to enjoying a large general practice, Mr. Orme has been attorney for the Southern States Life Insurance company and the American Surety company. He is a member of the board of directors of the Southern States Life Insurance company, and has been connected with other business enterprises in Atlanta of large scope.

Has Served in Council.

As a member of the city council at various times, Mr. Orme has rendered public service of value throughout his career. A native of Atlanta, he attended the public schools and later entered and completed the course offered at the Virginia Military institute.

Dr. Michael Hoke, prominent Atlanta physician, has for a number of years distinguished himself in professional and civic circles. Known throughout the United States as one of the leading orthopedists in the country, he has acquired a national reputation. Dr. Hoke was the founder of the Scottish Rite hospital, and in token of his services in this respect, as well as his work during the war, he was awarded the certificate of distinguished service by the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce recently.

As the head of two banks and three cotton mills, C. V. Truitt, of LaGrange, Ga., is one of the biggest and most successful business men in the state. His addition to the board of trustees is considered a fortunate selection.

Accompanying the announcement of the naming of three new members of the board, President Eugene R. Black made a statement of general expansion of the field and activity of the Atlanta Trust company.

Year Was Successful.

"The past year was unusually successful," stated Mr. Black, "and we plan to make 1932 even more satisfactory to our stockholders and to our patrons. It is our purpose to further expand our farm loan department, and in addition to develop a city loan department, increase our savings department and expand our general commercial business. We expect also to establish a bond department and engage actively in this ever-increasing banking activity."

In addition to the departments above mentioned, Mr. Black stated that a mortgage bond department will be added. The trust department, which has been founded will be further developed.

During the past year the Atlanta Trust company declared a 6 per cent dividend on the capital stock, which amounted to \$75,000, payable semi-annually, according to a statement made by Mr. Black. By May 1, it was said by the president of the company, the institution expects to occupy its new quarters at Marietta and Broad streets, which were recently vacated by the Fulton National bank. The new quarters are now being renovated and when finished will be the most complete in Atlanta, it is said.

Central Bank Meeting.

The annual stockholders' meeting of the Central Bank and Trust corporation, which was held Thursday afternoon, was featured by the election of three new trustees, who were Forrester Adair, leading Atlanta real estate man; Harold Hirsch, of the firm of Candler, Thompson & Hirsch, and Harold Rogers, of the W. Rogers company, three Atlantians of prominence in business and civic affairs.

These three new trustees increase the number of board members by one, filling the vacancies of two members, Eugene R. Black, who resigned when he took up the active duties as president of the Atlanta Trust company, and A. P. Coles, deceased.

Officers of the Central Bank and Trust corporation are Asa G. Candler, president; John S. Owens, Walter T. Candler and Henry C. Heins, vice presidents; Carl H. Lewis, cashier; Arthur J. Stitt, Fournelle McWhorter, Thomas I. Miller and E. T. Johnson, assistant cashiers, and L. H. Harris, auditor. The other trustees are Asa G. Candler, Mr. Owens, W. M. Nixon, George E. Kling, Sam D. Jones, Norman C. Miller, A. Montgomery, Dr. W. B. Hamby, W. C. Harper, Charles Howard, Candler, of the Willis H. Jones, L. J. Daniel, R. A. McTyer, C. B. Howard, B. F. Coggins, Walter T. Candler, H. G. Hastings, G. F. Willis, Mr. Heins and Edgar Dunlap.

ACHES AND PAINS—SLOAN'S GETS 'EM!

AVOID the misery of racking pain. Sloan's gets right down to the aching spot and relieves your pain and you wonder why you did not use Sloan's first. Have a bottle of Sloan's Liniment handy and apply when you first feel pain.

Use freely and don't rub, as it penetrates and you will be surprised to find how quickly it eases the pain and sends a feeling of warmth through the aching part.

Fine, too, for rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, sprains, aches, pains, overworked muscles, same thing.

For forty years Sloan's has been the stand-by as a liniment in thousands of families. Ask your neighbor.

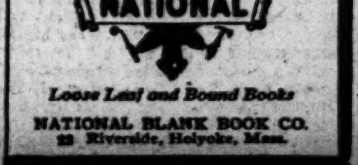
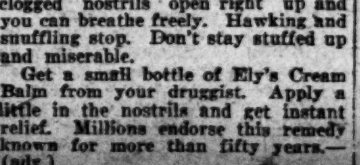
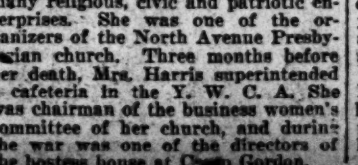
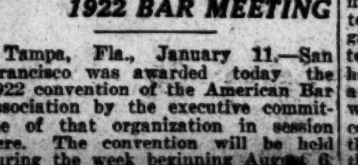
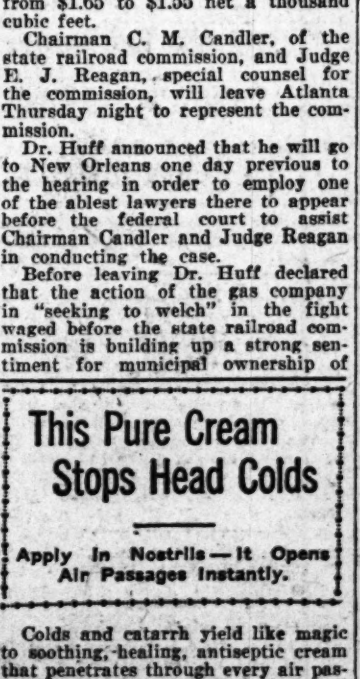
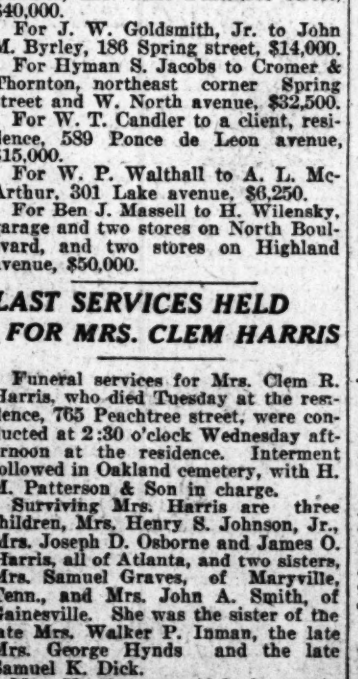
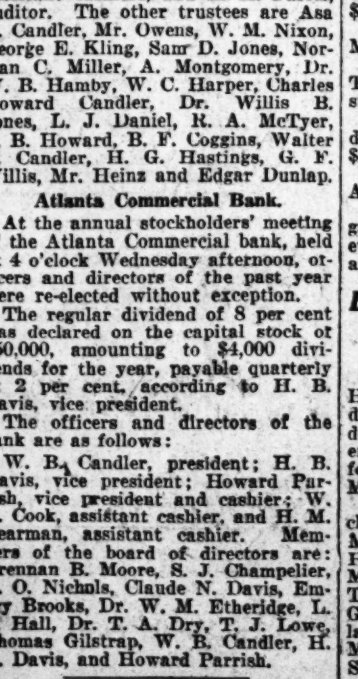
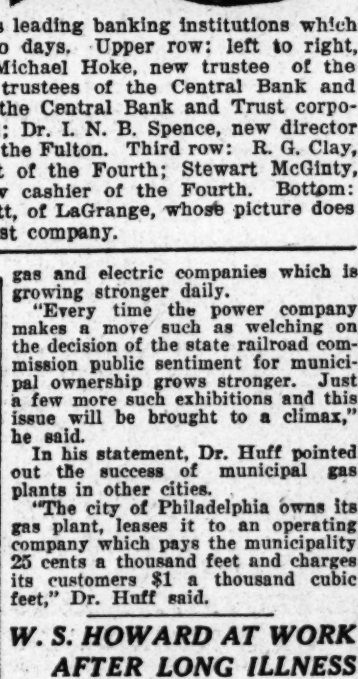
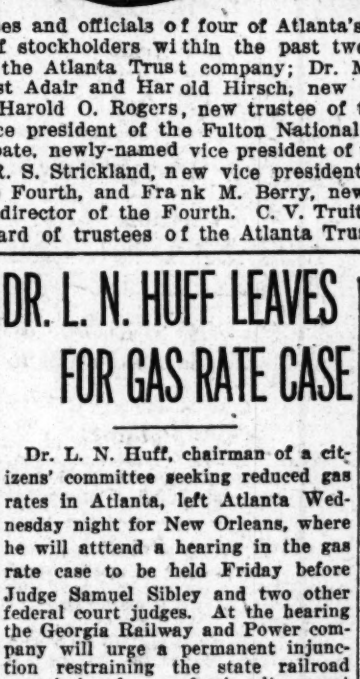
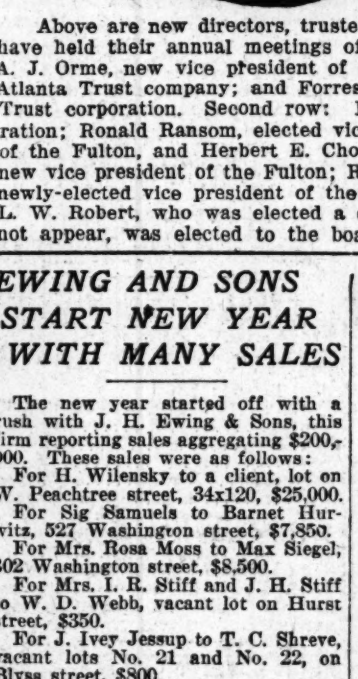
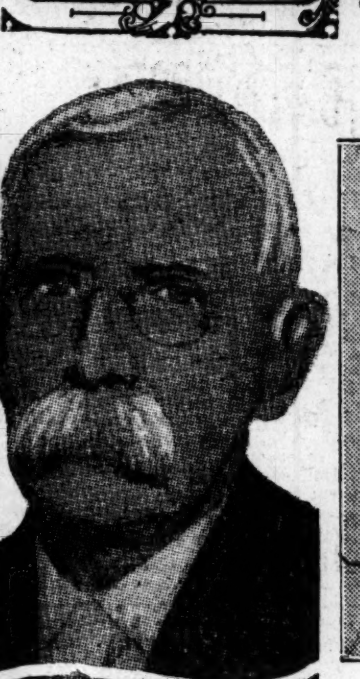
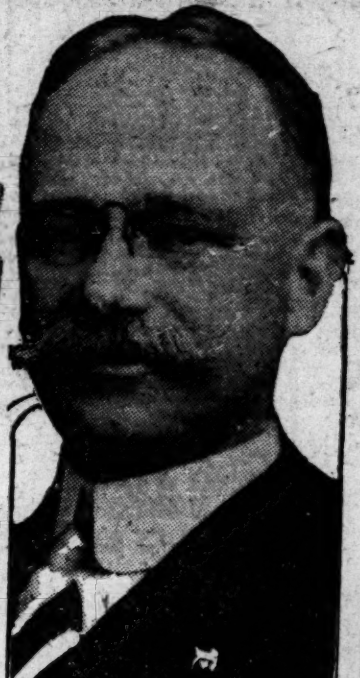
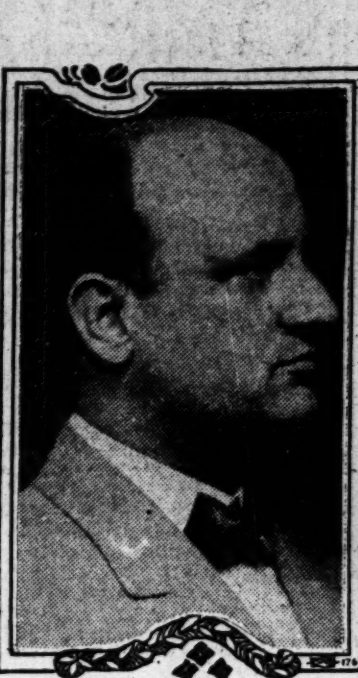
At all drug stores—35c, 70c, \$1.40.

Sloan's Liniment

Clear Your Circulation of poisons and other facial diseases. Use Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment. Good for eczema, itching skin, and other skin troubles. One of Dr. Hobson's Family Remedies.

Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment

Newly-Elected Bank Directors and Officials



HASTINGS REPLIES TO G. O. P. LEADER

Charges made by J. L. Phillips, chairman of the republican state central committee, that H. G. Hastings, prominent republican, of Atlanta, is seeking to dictate the appointment of a postmaster in Atlanta in the interest of his mail-order seed business, are characterized in a statement issued Wednesday by Mr. Hastings as a "reflection on the whole postoffice department, from Will Hays down to the humblest employee."

Mr. Phillips issued a statement which appeared in The Constitution Wednesday morning, in which he discussed certain activities of republicans in Georgia. In this statement he mentioned Mr. Hastings as being deeply interested in the appointment of a postmaster in Atlanta, and called attention to the fact that Mr. Hastings was one of the largest customers of the Atlanta postoffice.

"Most of Phillips' tirade is too silly to comment on," Mr. Hastings said.

Mr. Hastings' Statement

Following is his statement in full: I note Mr. J. L. Phillips' tirade in this morning's Constitution. Most of it is too silly to comment on. The inference to be drawn from his remarks as to the postoffice situation in Atlanta and in Georgia requires comment, however. The self-charged fact that if I should have any say so as to the Atlanta postoffice or Georgia postoffices that there would be crookedness in favor of my personal business on the part of the various and sundry postmasters and postal officials. I plead guilty to two charges. One is that my firm is the largest patron or customer of the Atlanta postoffice, and the other that I am intensely interested in having a post-

master in Atlanta who will give my business and every other man's business the very best postal service possible. That is all there is to it. "Mr. Phillips, inferences cast reflections on the whole postoffice department from Will Hays down to the humblest employee. It is an intimation that all of them are susceptible and in one way or another can be induced to violate postal regulations in favor of individuals and firms."

"There is only one thing I ask or can ask a postmaster, and that is that he is postal service of the best character. It's exactly what every other man and business wants and is entitled to have and it is the one thing they will not get if Mr. Phillips succeeds in putting over an appointment for this office he is reported as desiring."

Entitled to Service.

"The Atlanta postoffice is a big business institution. This city is entitled to good postal service. My business is entitled to it. It is but natural that I should favor for this office a man who has had practically a lifetime's experience in the postal service, most of the time in an executive position. It is not political hacks, inexperienced or incompetent men."

"Every postmaster in Atlanta for the past twenty-two years will testify to the fact that Mr. Hastings or the H. G. Hastings company has never asked a favor or any accommodations from the postoffice. Further, they will testify that my firm has been a customer of the Atlanta postoffice in every possible way to expedite the handling of outgoing mail originating with this firm."

"Certainly, I have an intense desire to see the Atlanta postoffice in the hands of who has had practically a lifetime's experience in the postal service, most of the time in an executive position. It is not political hacks, inexperienced or incompetent men."

"To appoint some of the ap-

plicants for the Atlanta office would be a crime against the business and postal interests of this city. The Atlanta office is too big an institution to be a political football or a resting place for incompetent men. I am sure that personally agreeable they might be."

Mistress: "Oh, Mary, you have broken more china than your wages are this month. How are we to stop this occurrence again?" Mary: "You might raise my wages, mum."—Chicago Herald.

Change in Schedule N. C. & St. L. Ry.

ROME BRANCH.

Effective Sunday, January 15, train No. 176 will leave Kingston 10:15 a. m., arrive Rome 11:00 a. m. Train No. 177 will leave Rome 3:30 p. m., arrive Kingston 4:20 p. m. as at present.

No change in schedules of other trains.

G. B. HARRIS,
Division Passenger Agent.

URIC ACID IN MEAT BRINGS RHEUMATISM

Says a little Salts in water may save you from dread attack.

Rheumatism is easier to avoid than to cure, states a well-known authority. We are advised to dress warmly; keep the feet dry; avoid exposure; eat less meat, but drink plenty of good water.

Rheumatism is a direct result of lating through the system, eventually foods that produce uric acid which is absorbed into the blood. It is the function of the kidneys to filter this acid from the blood and cast it out in the urine; the pores of the skin are also a means of freeing the blood of this impurity. In damp and chilly cold weather the skin pores are closed thus forcing the kidneys to do double work, they become weak and sluggish and fail to eliminate the uric acid which keeps accumulating and circulating through the system, eventually settling in the joints and muscles causing stiffness, soreness and pain called rheumatism.

At the first twinge of rheumatism get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts; put a tablespoonful in a glass of water and drink before breakfast each morning for a week. This is said to eliminate uric acid by stimulating the kidneys to normal action, thus ridding the blood of these impurities.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and is used with excellent results by thousands of folks who are subject to rheumatism. It is a pleasant, effervescent lithia-water drink which helps overcome uric acid and is beneficial to your kidneys as well.—(adv.)

Rheumatism at 60

S. S. S. Thoroughly Rids the Body of Rheumatism Impurities.

Somebody's mother is suffering tonight! The source of rheumatism has wrecked her body! Limping and suffering, bent forward, she sees but the common ground, but her aged heart still hangs to the stars. Does anybody care? S. S. S. is one of the greatest blood-purifiers known, and it helps build more blood. Its medicinal ingredients are purely vegetable. It never deranges the stomach. It is in fact, the mother's best friend. It is what somebody's mother needs tonight! Mother, if you can not get to get a bottle of S. S. S. now, let somebody's mother begin to feel joyful again tonight. Maybe, maybe it's your mother! S. S. S. is sold at all drug stores. The larger size is the more economical.

How glorious you will feel, Mother, when your rheumatism is all gone. Let S. S. S. do it. It will build you up, too!

\$1,000
To Every Registered Subscriber
—OF—
THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

Old As Well As New Subscribers May Secure This Policy

By special arrangement with the North American Accident Insurance Company, we can now give this protection to the entire family on the following conditions:

Any and all members of a family from 16 to 70 years of age may secure this insurance providing they all live at one address, and provide one member of this family signs for the daily and Sunday Constitution for one year. If two or more families live at one address in the same house or home, each family desiring the insurance protection must subscribe for The Atlanta Constitution. Each member of the family desiring a policy must sign "Order and Registration form" and accompany it with 75c for registration fee for his or her policy.

More than 1,529 accidents in Atlanta during the last 18 months caused by autos, steam cars and street cars. The Accident and Pedestrian Insurance offered by The Constitution would have covered almost all these accidents.

You may be next. Why not protect yourself and family today?

No red tape—no medical examination—every man or woman from 16 to 70 eligible. All you have to do to get this insurance is to be a subscriber to The Atlanta Constitution.

The only charges for this policy is seventy-five cents (.75) for covering the cost of securing and handling. Pay for The Daily and Sunday Constitution at the regular price.

HERE ARE THE PAYMENTS MADE UNDER THE CONDITIONS OUTLINED

In The Atlanta Constitution Policy

FOR THE LOSS OF LIFE	\$1,000.00	FOR THE LOSS OF ONE HAND AND RIGHT	\$1,000.00
FOR THE LOSS OF BOTH HANDS	1,000.00	FOR THE LOSS OF ONE FOOT AND	1,000.00
FOR THE LOSS OF BOTH FEET	1,000.00	FOR THE LOSS OF ONE EYE	1,000.00
FOR THE LOSS OF SIGHT OF BOTH EYES	1,000.00	FOR THE LOSS OF EITHER HAND	500.00
FOR THE LOSS OF ONE HAND AND ONE	1,000.00	FOR THE LOSS OF EITHER FOOT	500.00
FOOT	1,000.00	FOR THE LOSS OF SIGHT OF EITHER	500.00
		EYE	500.00

The North American Accident Insurance Company of Chicago, Will Pay the Above Amounts if the Insured is Injured, Traveling in Any Public or Private Vehicle.

\$10 a week for 13 weeks for injuries received while riding in any kind of vehicle. \$100 for relief of policyholders if injured or taken sick away from home. \$250 for death of pedestrian under moving vehicle, struck on a street or public highway.

USE THIS COUPON

Order and Registration Form
Of The Atlanta Constitution Insurance Subscription

Atlanta, Ga., 1932
ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, "Circulation Department,"
(New—Old)
I, Mr. hereby enter my

subscription for The Daily and Sunday Constitution for one year from date, with the understanding that I am to receive a \$1,000 Travel and Pedestrian Accident Insurance Policy in the North American Accident Insurance Company, and am to pay no more than the regular price of The Atlanta Constitution each week to the regular carrier, plus a delivery cost of 75 cents, which is to be paid on my signing this application. I understand that should I discontinue my subscription to The Constitution before the expiration of this contract, or should I fail to pay my weekly subscription for four consecutive weeks, it payable weekly, or promptly at end of month, if payable monthly, to the carrier or to The Atlanta Constitution my \$1,000 Travel and Pedestrian Accident Insurance Policy will lapse.

Signed City
Number Street
Phone No. Carrier
Occupation

NOTE—75c must be sent with this coupon; your full name on top line, state age, and write signature on lower line where indicated.

EWING AND SONS START NEW YEAR WITH MANY SALES

The new year started off with a rush with J. H. Ewing & Sons, a firm reporting sales aggregating \$200,000. These sales were as follows:

For H. Wilensky to a client, lot on W. Peachtree street, 34x120, \$25,000.

For Sig Samuels to Barnett Hurwitz, 527 Washington street, \$7,850.

For Mrs. Rosa Moss to Max Siegel, 302 Washington street, \$8,500.

For Mrs. J. R. Stiff and J. H. Stiff to W. D. Webb, vacant lot on Hurst street, \$350.

For J. Ivey Jessup to T. C. Shreve, vacant lots No. 21 and No. 22, on Blyss street, \$800.

For S. J. A. Weil to Walter T. Candler, 113 West Peachtree street, \$40,000.

For J. W. Goldsmith, Jr. to John M. Brylie, 188 Spring street, \$14,000.

For Hyman S. Jacobs to Cromer & Thornton, northeast corner Spring street and W. North avenue, \$62,500.

For W. T. Candler to a client, residence, 589 Ponce de Leon avenue, \$15,000.

For W. P. Walthall to A. L. McArthur, 301 Lake avenue, \$6,250.

For Ben J. Massell to H. Wilensky, garage and two stores on Highland avenue, \$50,000.

LAST SERVICES HELD FOR MRS. CLEM HARRIS

Funeral services for Mrs. Clem H. Harris, who died Tuesday at the residence, 705 Peachtree street, were conducted at 2:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon at the residence. Interment followed in Oakland cemetery, with H. M. Patterson & Son in charge.

Surviving Mrs. Harris are three children, Mrs. Henry S. Johnson, Jr., Mrs. Joseph D. Osborne and James O. Harris, all of Atlanta, and two sisters, Mrs. Samuel Graves, of Maryville, Tenn., and Mrs. John A. Smith, of Gainesville. She was the sister of the late Mrs. Walker P. Inman, the late Mrs. George Hynds and the late Samuel K. Dick.

Mrs. Harris was widely known in Atlanta, and has been identified with many religious, civic and patriotic enterprises. She was one of the organizers of the North Avenue Presbyterian church. Three months before her death, Mrs. Harris superintended a cafeteria in the Y. W. C. A. She was chairman of the business women's committee of her church, and during the war was one of the directors of the hostess house at Camp Gordon.

DR. L. N. HUFF LEAVES FOR GAS RATE CASE

Dr. L. N. Huff, chairman of a citizens' committee seeking reduced gas rates in Atlanta, left Atlanta Wednesday night for New Orleans, where he will attend a hearing in the gas rate case to be held Friday before Judge Samuel Sibley and two other federal court judges. At the hearing the Georgia Railway and Power company will urge a permanent injunction restraining the state railroad commission from enforcing its recent order reducing gas rates in Atlanta from \$1.65 to \$1.55 net a thousand cubic feet.

Chairman C. M. Candler, of the state railroad commission, and Judge E. J. Reagan, special counsel for the commission, will leave Atlanta Thursday night to represent the commission.

Dr. Huff announced that he will go to New Orleans one day previous to the hearing in order to employ one of the ablest lawyers there to appear before the federal court to assist Chairman Candler and Judge Reagan in conducting the case.

Before leaving Dr. Huff declared that the action of the gas company in "seeking to Welch" in the fight waged before the state railroad commission is building up a strong sentiment for municipal ownership.

This Pure Cream Stops Head Colds

Apply in Nostrils—It Opens Air Passages Instantly.

Colds and catarrh yield like magic to soothing, healing, antiseptic cream that penetrates through every air passage and relieves swollen, inflamed membranes of nose and throat. Your clogged nostrils open right up and you can breathe freely. Hawking and snuffling stop. Don't stay stuffed up and miserable.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist. Apply a little in the nostrils and get instant relief. Millions endorse this remedy known for more than fifty years.—(adv.)

gas and electric companies which is growing stronger daily.

"Every time the power company makes a move such as withholding the decision of the state railroad commission public sentiment for municipal ownership grows stronger. Just a few more such exhibitions and this issue will be brought to a climax," he said.

In his statement, Dr. Huff pointed out the success of municipal gas plants in other cities.

"The city of Philadelphia owns its gas plant, leases it to an operating company which pays the municipality 25 cents a thousand feet and charges its customers \$1 a thousand cubic feet," Dr. Huff said.

W. S. HOWARD AT WORK AFTER LONG ILLNESS

William Schley Howard, member of the law firm of Branch & Howard and former congressman, has now recovered and returned to work after an illness of more than two months. His condition was at one time alarming to his family and friends.



Analyze Your Sales

Which salesmen are producing best results? What territory is weak? What article sells best?

For analysis, use National Multi-Column Record Sheets. Two to 126 columns. At all stationers.



Loose Leaf and Bound Books
NATIONAL BLANK BOOK CO.
25 Riverside, Boston, Mass.

SAN FRANCISCO GETS 1922 BAR MEETING

Tampa, Fla., January 11.—San Francisco was awarded today the 1922 convention of the American Bar association by the executive committee of that organization in session here. The convention will be held during the week beginning August 6.

**NEGRO WHO KILLED
WIFE AND ANOTHER
MAN IS ACQUITTED**

LaGrange, Ga., January 11.—(Special.)—Gus Traylor, negro porter on the M. & B. railway, who last Sunday night shot and killed his wife, Ora Traylor, and Frank Griffin, a negro man caught in her company at the employer's home, was acquitted at a commitment trial held before Judge W. R. Campbell in the courthouse Wednesday evening.

The defendant was represented by Attorney L. W. Wyatt, and the trial was conducted in the superior courtroom, which was filled with spectators.

"Why don't you marry?" "I'm very lucky! Every time I meet a family I would like to marry into I find they have no daughters."—Karikutaren, Christiania.

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A. L. BELLE ISLE — IVY 507

ADD LOTS COTTON

Spot and Future Deliveries
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DIGEST
of the

Revenue Act of 1921

A carefully prepared
analysis of the provisions of the Law—

Free on request.

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We have prepared exhaustive reports on the above issues which should be of great interest and value.

A copy will be sent free upon request for A-5.

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ATLANTA — GEORGIA



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The Original
Malted Milk
Safe
For Infants
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NO COOKING
The "Food-Drink" for All Ages.
Quick Lunch at Home, Office, and
Fountains. Ask for HORLICK'S.
Avoid Imitations & Substitutes

Notice to Contractors
We have to let 14 miles of hand-paved
road, penetration top roadway. Abundant
rock along roadway. Will let in one or
three sections to responsible contractors.
R. G. HILL & COMPANY, INC.
Knoxville, Tenn.

CHAMBERLAIN'S
COUGH
REMEDY
FOR THE RELIEF OF
Coughs, Colds
CROUP.

CHAMBERLAIN'S
COUGH
REMEDY
FOR THE RELIEF OF
Coughs, Colds
CROUP.

DROPSY
TREATED ONE
WEEK FREE
Relieved in a few hours
swelling reduced to a
normal state. Regulates the
blood, strengthens the
system. Write for full treatment.
COLUMBIA DROPSY CO., Dept. F-2,
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PISO'S
SAFE AND SAFE
for Coughs & Colds
This syrup is different from all others.
Quick relief. No opiates. 35c everywhere.

CITY COAL CO.
For Smokeless Lump,
the Best for Furnace \$7.00

**250 Unredeemed
Overcoats**
\$4 up
EPLAN LOAN OFFICE
30 DECATUR STREET

AUSTRALIA
HONOLULU, SUVA, NEW ZEALAND
The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
R. M. S. "Nigara" R. M. S. "Makura"
20,000 Tons 12,500 Tons
For fares and sailings, apply Canadian Pac.
Ry., New York Bldg., cor. Forsyth and Walton
Sts., Atlanta, or to Canadian-Australasian
Royal Mail Line, 741 Hastings St. West,
Vancouver, B. C.

French Line
New York—Havre—Paris
ROCHAMBEAU Jan. 17, Feb. 14, Mar. 11
PARIS Jan. 18, Feb. 15, Mar. 12
CHICAGO Jan. 21, Feb. 18, Mar. 15
LA JOLLAISE Jan. 22, Feb. 19, Mar. 16
LA TOULNAISE Jan. 23, Feb. 20, Mar. 17
LA SAVOIE Jan. 24, Feb. 21, Mar. 18
VIAGRA Jan. 25, Feb. 22, Mar. 19
ROUSSEAU Jan. 26, Feb. 23, Mar. 20
NEW YORK—VIGO (Spain)—HAVRE
LA BOURDONNAISE Jan. 27, Mar. 1
TOURS IN ALGERIA & MOROCCO
Sailings from Bordeaux or Marseilles
Three and Four Week Motor Trips.
Write for itinerary and literature.
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CUNARD-ANCHOR
Passenger & Freight
Services from New York
CHEROKEE and SOUTHAMPTON
AUSTRALIA Jan. 7, Feb. 28, Mar. 21
AUSTRALIA Jan. 8, Feb. 29, Mar. 22
BERGAMIA Jan. 9, Feb. 30, Mar. 23

Direct Irish Services
QUEENSTOWN and LIVERPOOL
ALBERTA Jan. 18, Feb. 28, Mar. 22
ALBERTA Jan. 19, Feb. 29, Mar. 23
CAMERONIA Jan. 20, Feb. 30, Mar. 24
LONDON and LIVERPOOL
ALBERTA Jan. 21, Feb. 31, Mar. 25
ALBERTA Jan. 22, Feb. 3, Mar. 26

HALIFAX, PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG
and HAMBURG
HAMBURG Jan. 21, Mar. 21
HAMBURG Jan. 22, Mar. 22
HAMBURG Jan. 23, Mar. 23

RED STAR LINE
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AMERICAN LINE
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sailings and other information apply
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40 North Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

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A. L. BELLE ISLE—IVY 507

POSTOFFICE RECEIPTS INCREASE IN YEAR

Washington, January 11.—Receipts at fifty selected postoffices in December, totaled \$26,637,570, as compared with \$25,001,247 in the same month in 1920, according to figures announced today by Postmaster-General Hays. Receipts of the same postoffices in December, 1914, totaled \$14,251,934.90.

New York city had the highest total of receipts in December, with \$5,282,415, against \$4,980,902 in the December preceding, while Chicago was second with \$4,450,097 last December, compared with \$4,119,635 in the same month in 1920. Philadelphia in third place last month with a total of \$1,576,472, showed a decrease of \$22,100 from the receipts of the preceding December. Boston was the only other postoffice to take in more than a million dollars.

Comparative figures on receipts by the southern postoffices in December, 1921, and December, 1920, respectively, included:

Atlanta, \$380,825 and \$262,807;
Dallas, \$240,970 and \$229,867; New Orleans, \$252,838 and \$221,590;
Memphis, \$143,790 and \$143,250;
Richmond, \$151,113 and \$132,916;
Houston, \$151,047 and \$130,213;
Nashville, \$138,960 and \$133,078;
Jacksonville, \$88,091 and \$78,073.

In England it is a general custom for the shop always to stand open winter and summer, inviting customers to enter.

Turns Pistol On Self After Killing Girl

**Prominent Waycross Man
Believed Mentally Unbalanced
When He Shot.**

Waycross, Ga., January 11.—(Special.)—J. Turner Sharpe, age 30, of this city, who, early this morning, shot and killed Miss Dorothy Parker, society girl, of Asheville, N. C., and then turned the pistol on himself, is a member of a prominent family in this city.

Sharpe has made his home here all his life, being prominent in business and fraternal circles. He was a Mason, a member of the local Shrine club, and an active member of B. P. O. E. lodge. During the late war, he served in the Y. M. C. A., and was a member of the local Legion post.

Many friends. He has been in poor health for over a year, and had spent the greater part of the past year in Asheville in an effort to recover. He has been subject to spells of despondency for some time and it is generally believed that he was mentally unbalanced when the tragedy occurred in Asheville. The announcement of the tragedy shocked the entire community, and the bodies were removed to an undertaking establishment. Sharpe came here in search of health, being ill with pulmonary trouble. He was formerly connected with an automobile agency in Waycross, Ga.

Miss Parker was popular in the younger set of the city. The couple were not identified until Mrs. Parker, who was a graduate of the Saint Genevieve convent here, last evening her parents entertained Sharpe at dinner and this morning he called to walk with her to school. The pair were laughing and talking, when Sharpe, without warning, Sharpe drew an army revolver from within his coat, fired two shots into the girl's right temple and then sent a bullet into his own.

Persons who rushed to their side found them dying. The couple were not identified until Mrs. Parker, who was a graduate of the Saint Genevieve convent here, last evening her parents entertained Sharpe at dinner and this morning he called to walk with her to school. The pair were laughing and talking, when Sharpe, without warning, Sharpe drew an army revolver from within his coat, fired two shots into the girl's right temple and then sent a bullet into his own.

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occurred in the family. His father, P. L. Sharpe, was shot and killed by unknown parties at his home here a number of years ago, the mystery surrounding his death never being solved. His brother, Wadley Sharpe, lost his life at camp during the late war, being drowned while attempting to repair a drainage.

Miss Parker visited here several years ago, and is well known here. Sharpe is survived by his mother, Mrs. F. L. Sharpe; two brothers, Walker and beaher; one sister, Miss Susie Sharpe; one half-brother, W. E. Sirmans, and one half-sister, Mrs. John Hogan, of Atlanta.

The body will be prepared for burial in Asheville and brought here for interment.

**MISS PARKER REFUSED
TO MARRY SHARPE.**

Asheville, N. C., January 11.—Miss Dorothy Parker, 24, prominent society girl, of this city, and J. Turner Sharpe, 30, of Waycross, Ga., are dead as the result of bullets fired by Sharpe this morning, supposedly because Miss Parker would not marry him.

The dual tragedy occurred as the two were walking in the city's most fashionable residential section. Both died within a few minutes. Miss Parker, a French instructor in the Grove Park school, was en route to her work when the shooting occurred. She was visiting the girl for about two years.

The girl was a daughter of Dr. and Mrs. J. M. Parker, and was a graduate of the Saint Genevieve convent here. Last evening her parents entertained Sharpe at dinner and this morning he called to walk with her to school. The pair were laughing and talking, when Sharpe, without warning, Sharpe drew an army revolver from within his coat, fired two shots into the girl's right temple and then sent a bullet into his own.

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Publishers' Body Favors Provisions Of Forestry Bill

Washington, January 11.—Provisions of the Snell-McCormick forestry bill were endorsed today by Robert H. Baker, who appeared at a hearing before the house agriculture committee as a representative of the American Newspaper Publishers' association.

Mr. Baker said he favored "every portion" of the bill, which provides for co-operation by the federal government with state owners of timber lands in the conservation of forests and development of new timber tracts. Passage of the measure also advocated by W. L. Hall, representing the Union League of Chicago, who presented resolutions for the club endorsing the bill.

George W. Sisson, Jr., of Potomac, N. Y., representing the American Paper and Pulp association, emphasized the necessity of preserving forests of the United States and of developing new timber tracts. The development of the paper industry in the far west, with great stands of suitable timber, he said, is being retarded by the cost of railroad transportation across the country.

R. S. Kellogg, of New York, chairman of the national forestry program committee, testified that while the paper industry was extending into the southern states through the development of new processes of making paper from wood hitherto unavailable for this purpose, the mills making newspaper were dependent chiefly upon the spruce found in northeastern states.

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